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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Inspiring Address

PRESIDENT Eisenhower's inaugural address was in every way reassuring to the free world. Much of it was also inspiring. While the President avoided committing himself or his Administration to any new line of policy in foreign affairs, he emphatically declared his intention of making no dishonourable concessions to Communism. He assured the world that so far as the United States was concerned, there would be no appeasement in her dealings with nations who pursued imperialistic expansion designs. Mr. Eisenhower has complete confidence in the ability of the free world to withstand Communist aggression, provided the nations draw their strength through unity of ideals and purpose. Notably there was not the slightest tinge of belligerence about President Eisenhower's speech, yet no man in recent times has more forcibly stated the basic principles of freedom, liberty and equality. Moreover, the President went further: he promised the countries of the world which nurture the ideals of democracy that the United States would continue to give every form of assistance in the practical implementation of those principles. One very definite assurance is that, so far as President Eisenhower is concerned, there will be no change in fundamental American foreign policies. There may be a shifting of emphasis, but the course which the United States intends to pursue during the next four years will remain essentially unaltered. The prime objective of Mr. Eisenhower is assuring the peace of the world and he appreciates, quite clearly, that this depends wholly on the spiritual and physical strength and unity of the free nations. This was the dominant theme of his inaugural address and it is one which cannot fail to find a ready and enthusiastic response from those who believe, as the President does, in the inalienable rights of mankind.

Kenya Problem

IN Kenya the settlers are talking about their demands for the "transfer of responsibility from London to Nairobi" while the People's Party in the Gold Coast Convention have issued a warning of dire consequences unless the large measure of self-government recently granted is extended to the full. In between these two extreme policies, which have a basis in common, lies Whitehall. The position throws into sharp relief the basic alternatives out of which a synthesis will no doubt be painfully evolved, while impatient minorities press their suit and perhaps get their own way for the present. The Kenya settlers explained through the leader of the elected members, Mr. Michael Blundell, the policy they advocate. They demand that discipline and law and order be first restored. Closer administration and policing and closer control of the Press and the independent schools and even direction of place of residence, were called for. Mr. Blundell says the process of bringing the Kikuyu with them and not against them might start at a location level, where Location Reconstruction Committees might be set up and later on be elected. The policy seems to borrow a good deal from the "apartheid" policy of Dr. Malan, which has aroused so much criticism and misgivings all over the world.

Stalin Orders Class Warfare

To Be Intensified

"SECRET ENEMIES" MUST BE ELIMINATED

London, Jan. 21.

Premier Josef Stalin has ruled that "class warfare" must be stepped up, a high Soviet spokesman said in Moscow today. And he added that "secret enemies" of the Russian people must be eliminated — a plain hint of mass purges to come.

Mr. Nikolai Mikhailov, one of the younger men promoted to top leadership at the Communist Party Congress last October, quoted Stalin's directive in a speech commemorating the death in 1924 of Lenin, founder of the Soviet state.

He told a packed gathering of Communist leaders in Moscow's famed Bolshoi Theatre that Stalin had "exploded the theory that the class war would peter out as the Communist regime became stronger and Soviet society more and more classless."

The message was broadcast to the world by Moscow Radio. Reviewing international affairs, Mikhailov reiterated the previously expressed Soviet view that a new world war would "inevitably lead to the collapse of the whole world capitalist system."

He added: "Let the imperialist schemers who are drawing up plans for an attack against the USSR not forget the lesson of history." Mr. Mikhailov reiterated Russia's "belief in the co-existence" of the Socialist and capitalist worlds on the basis of the teachings of Lenin, founder of the Soviet state.

But he alleged that the United States was determined to carry on with her "war plans." If the Americans really wanted peace, he said, "why do they oppose the Soviet proposals for allround disarmament and the conclusion of a peace pact between the five great powers?"

"Why do they continue the war in Korea, which causes untold sufferings to millions of innocent people?"

"THE FIRST LESSON"
Mr. Mikhailov quoted Stalin for the first time in a statement that the first lesson to be learned by every worker and peasant is that "we are surrounded by people, countries and governments who openly proclaim their hostility to us." He said Stalin also exploded the theory that the class war was petering out as the Communist regime became stronger and Soviet society became more and more classless.

People holding such views "can have nothing to do with our party," Mr. Mikhailov quoted Stalin as saying. "They are traitors or fools who must be ousted like vermin; the liquidation of classes cannot be achieved by ending the class war but only by intensifying it."

Mikhailov then charged that "enemies of the bourgeois ideology survived in the Soviet Union, as well as traces of private prosperity, psychology and morality."

The meeting began at 1850 (local time), the hour of Lenin's death. It included a tribute to the founder of the Soviet Republic, during which the entire audience rose to its feet and closed with the singing of the "Internationale."—Reuter.

Ate Razor Blade



Two-year-old George Zolkiewski, pictured here in Queen Alexandra's Children's Hospital, Brighton, after he had eaten almost a whole razor-blade. He swallowed 38 pieces. He still has a silver of blade in his stomach, but is reported to be going on "very well."—London Express Photo.

Commons Queries On Armistice In Korea

London, Jan. 21.

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, replying to questions in the House of Commons today about the possibility of a Korean armistice, said he knew of no further talks between the Indian and Chinese Governments following the rejection of the Indian plan.

Hopes of an early armistice in Korea had been deflected by the Chinese and North Korean war prisoners plan, he said. This rejection was "deeply to be deplored," he added.

"As a consequence we have again to defer—hoping of an early armistice. In the face of these developments the policy of the British Government remains unchanged."

Mr. Eden said Britain would continue to support the United Nations resistance to aggression. "We stand by the principles we have professed and will continue to seek an early armistice on honourable terms," he said.

Chinese Claim Shooting Down Superfortress

London, Jan. 21.

The New China News Agency reported tonight that an American Superfortress was shot down over Northeast China on January 12 and "most of the crew" taken prisoner.

The plane, described as a B-29 type, was said to have been brought down by units of the Chinese air force near Wulungpo railway station, about ten miles to the northwest of Antung. The report said 14 United States Air Force personnel baled out when the plane was hit. Of these 11 were taken prisoner and three "crashed and died."—Reuter.

HOUSES FALL INTO A HOLE

Paris, Jan. 21.

Loud cracking noises roused sleepers in 24 suburban houses during the night as their homes, built over a buried quarry, subsided beneath them. A man, a thirteen-year-old boy and a thirteen-year-old girl were taken to hospital after the collapse. Two houses fell into a hole ten yards long and eight yards deep. The Air Force said the 14 crew members were missing.—Reuter.

China And The U.N.

Admission Not Discussed With US Declares Eden

London, Jan. 21.

Mr. Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, denied a suggestion made in the House of Commons today that he had recently discussed with the United States Government the question of China's admission to the United Nations.

The suggestion was made by Mr. Desmond Donnelly (Labour) who asked Mr. Eden what was the precise nature of the discussions.

Mr. Donnelly also suggested that representatives of Chiang Kai-shek should be got rid of. Mr. Eden thought this would not be of any benefit at all. It was the policy of the government, as also of the late government, that while the Chinese People's Government were participating in aggression in Korea "we should not take any initiative in this matter."

Mr. Aneurin Bevan, leader of the Labour leftwing, suggested that while it might not be possible at this stage to get the Communist Government on the Security Council there was no justification for retaining the Chinese Nationalist Government as members.

DEVAN'S REQUEST

Mr. Bevan said it might be possible to create a better atmosphere for successful negotiations in Korea if the Chinese were not continually threatened by the retrogressive of counter-revolutionary action by Chiang Kai-shek.

"Will the Foreign Secretary not move in this matter rather than encourage the perpetration of a stalemate?" asked Mr. Bevan.

Mr. Eden replied that there was a Chinese seat on the Security Council and the late government as well as the present government had taken the view that it was not possible to change the occupancy of the seat—although recognizing the present Chinese government—while it was conducting offensive military action against the United Nations in Korea.

Mr. Bevan said that was not an answer to his question. He said he did not ask the People's Government should in fact be asked to take that seat, but was there any reason why the seat should not be empty in the meantime rather than be occupied by a number of people, who were continually threatening war against the Chinese mainland.

Mr. Eden replied that the late government had carefully considered the matter and it was not considered possible to have a vacuum.—Reuter.

Man's Life Threatened

Nairobi, Jan. 21.

Four unofficial African members of the Kenya Legislature tonight issued a statement saying that the life of their leader, Mr. Mathai, had been threatened.

The threat was in a pencil-written, unsigned letter which purported to come from the secretary of the "anti-traitors gang."

The statement said that "this body was not known" to the African unofficial members. The African members expressed horror at the letter—written in English and posted here—and affirmed their full confidence in Mr. Mathai.

They paid tribute to his untiring efforts and his devotion to the African cause and that of Kenya and regarded the threat to his life as a threat to themselves.

They demanded that the gang should withdraw the letter. The statement said the African members owed allegiance to the British Crown like all loyal people in Kenya and asked the Africans whether they will follow the policy of murdering of that of the African members of the Legislature.—Reuter.

Approved, With One Exception

Washington, Jan. 21.

President Eisenhower's Cabinet was approved by the Senate today—except for Mr. Charles E. Wilson as Secretary of Defense.—Reuter.

Arrive refreshed!

You fly by giant, double-decked "Strato" Clipper from Manila or Tokyo (connecting Clipper from Hong Kong). You enjoy superb service—gourmet meals with finest Champagne.

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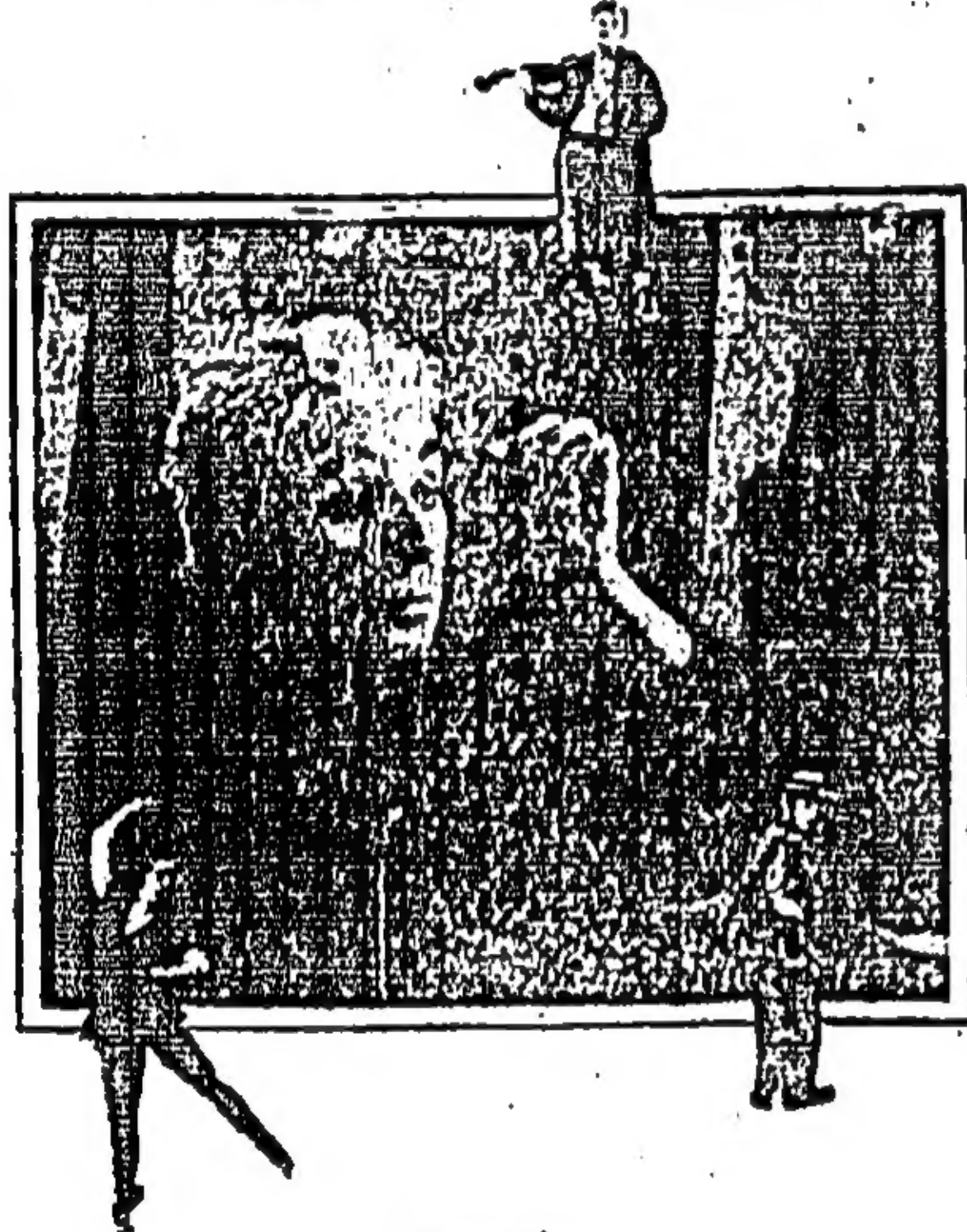


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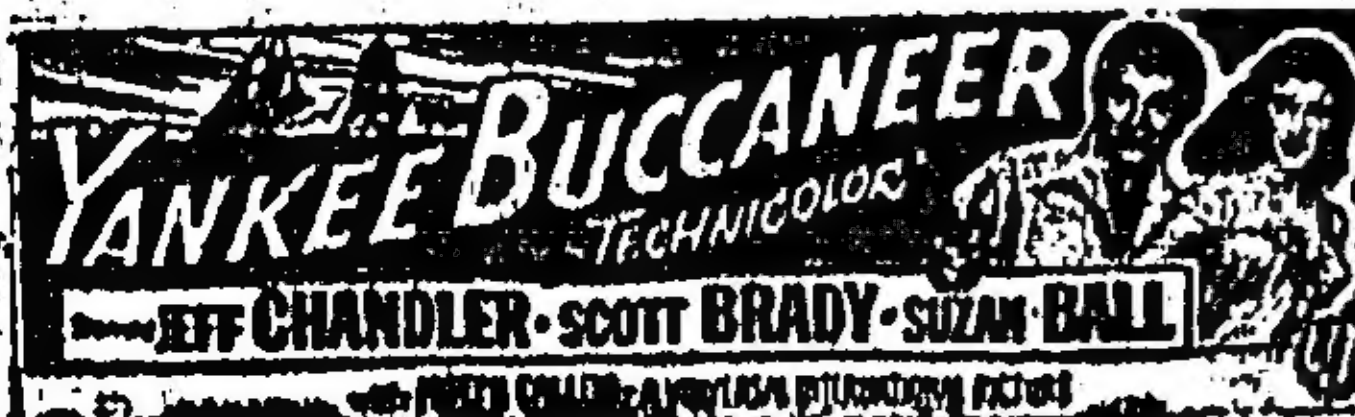
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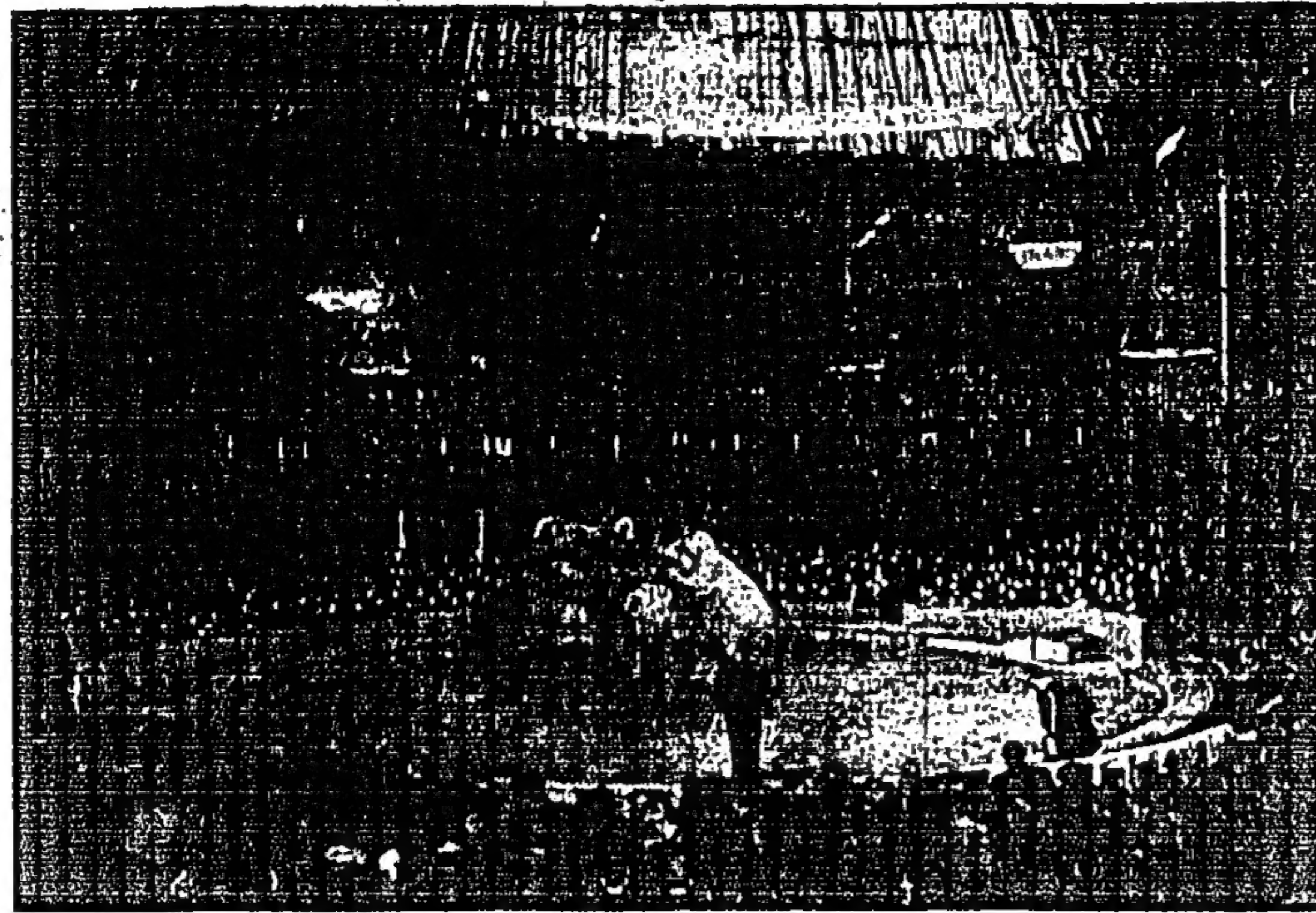
WEDDING OF EARL OF DALKEITH
AND MISS JANE McNEILL



COMMENCING TO-MORROW



Six Thousand Children At Circus



It was Children's Day at Olympia, London, when 6,000 boys and girls from hospitals, orphanages and homes attended a special matinee performance of Bertram Mills' Circus. Picture shows the children watching elephants perform in the ring.—Reuterphoto.

QC Speaks For 12 Hours In Defence Of Kenyatta

Kapenguria, Jan. 21.

The British lawyer, D. N. Pritt, Q.C., today described the prosecution evidence against Jomo Kenyatta, leader of the Kenya African Union, as "the most childishly weak case ever against any man in the history of the British Empire."

He was concluding his opening address and submission to the Magistrate, Mr. Ransley Thacker, which had taken him two and a half days and almost 12 hours of continuous speaking.

Mr. Pritt, whose voice was at times hoarse with strain, listed what he described as the nine "great crimes" which the Kenya Government had been able to offer as proof of Kenyatta's guilt of the charge of managing the Mau Mau terrorist society during months of preparations and almost two months of actual trial. Five other African leaders are also before the court on charges of assisting in the management of the Mau Mau.

The nine "great crimes" listed by Mr. Pritt were:

1. At a Kenya African Union meeting of Limuru, north of Nairobi, in answer to a challenge by officers of the local branch to denounce the Mau Mau, Kenyatta denounced it.

2. Kenyatta told "three gentlemen, who were pretty well paranoiac, they were not to worry about the Mau Mau."

3. In a back-room of a shop at Ol Kalou, near Thompson's Falls, Kenyatta told six people not to use so much force in making some people take some type of oath.

4. Kenyatta disclaimed all knowledge of Mau Mau at a meeting at Nyeri.

5. Kenyatta told a meeting that it should "take a pinch of snuff."

6. There lay in Kenyatta's house a yellow song book containing two lines relating to the Mau Mau and conclusively proved by the prosecution to have no sinister meaning at all.

7. There also lay in a room in Kenyatta's house a placard exercise book, belonging to somebody else.

8. There also lay somewhere in Kenyatta's house a letter not proved to have been written by Kenyatta, harmless enough in itself and written by someone in 1948.

9. Somebody published "a grey hymn book" containing praise of Kenyatta.

NOT GOOD ENOUGH

Mr. Pritt described all the accusations against Kenyatta and the five Africans as "utterly trivial."

He said the allegations against Kenyatta were "a worthless little collection of trifles." The irresistible conclusion from such a collection, he said, would be that, even supposing Kenyatta had anything to do with the Mau Mau before it was proscribed in August 1950, he took the course, when it was proscribed, of not having anything further to do with the society at all.

Mr. Pritt spent most of his defence speech going minutely through the evidence of most of the 44 prosecution witnesses and in dealing in detail with the 18 incidents which, the prosecution allege, prove that the six accused were connected with the Mau Mau.

At the close of his argument, Mr. Pritt spoke of each of the accused in turn to show "the case against each of them is not good enough."

In his submission, there was no evidence at all that any of the accused were concerned with the management of the Mau Mau.

TRIBLY THEN

Mr. Pritt produced a typed chart on which he said he had been prepared to list the incidents which the prosecution alleged against the accused.

Mr. Pritt calculated there were two incidents against

Karumba, three against Paulding, three against Biddad M. Kagila and one and a half against Richard Acheng Onko, four and a half against Fred Kubal and 13 against Kenyatta.

Mr. Pritt claimed that none of them stood up under examination as proving anything against any of them.

Considered soberly, the 13 alleged incidents against Kenyatta were "terribly thin."

He went on:

"Here he is—the leader of a very large political organisation representing the largest community of the Colony—charged with managing a subversive terrorist organisation. The charge is made by a Government with all modern resources at its disposal, with months to get its case prepared and nearly two months to get extra evidence."

DEFENCE SUBMISSION

Mr. Pritt said that what had been proved as a result was utterly trivial.

Mr. Pritt considered that the least the prosecution would have brought before the court was evidence that Kenyatta had attended a Mau Mau meeting.

"Surely if Kenyatta was guilty, the prosecution could have found at least one document dealing with the Mau Mau among the thousands of papers seized by police from Kenyatta's home?"

Addressing the Magistrate directly, Mr. Pritt concluded: "I suggest to you that this case should be thrown out for want of jurisdiction on two grounds and for numerous grounds for want of evidence."

The Deputy Public Prosecutor, Mr. Anthony Somerhough, will reply for the Crown tomorrow and the Court is then likely to adjourn until Monday for the Magistrate to decide whether the defence has a case to answer.—Reuter.

Detained On Suspicion

Amsterdam, Jan. 21.

Police here have detained a Swiss merchant and his wife, suspected of fraud in Switzerland involving about 60,000 Swiss francs, it was officially stated today.

"We are expecting a Swiss extradition request at any moment," the Aikens Police Chief, H. Astoot, told Reuter.

He said the reason for secrecy was that the pair were detained only on suspicion.

"They were nearly without means when we arrested them." A Swiss Legation spokesman said Switzerland had not yet submitted an extradition request to Holland.—Reuter.

The Toy Poodle Earns The Most Dollars

London, Jan. 21.

The miniature poodle has become Britain's No. 1 dollar-earning dog. It has replaced the cocker spaniel as the favourite British dog in American kennels.

The Kennel Club say that last year's dog exports were a record. Two thousand four hundred went overseas—300 more than the previous year.

A club official said: "As £1,000 or more is sometimes paid for an outstanding dog, the foreign currency obtained is considerable. More than half of it is in dollars."

Of last year's dog exports, 379 were miniature poodles and 204 cocker spaniels.

The most valuable dog exported in 1952 was a poodle, sold to an American for £1,500.

Retaliation Measure In France

Paris, Jan. 21.

The French Socialist Party today put its weight behind a bill which, if enacted, would make United States seamen subject to the same treatment that French sailors receive under the McCarran Act.

The preamble of the bill, deposited last night in the National Assembly, frankly stated that it was in the nature of a retaliation against the McCarran Immigration Law which forces seamen, along with all foreigners, to swear that they are not Communists or have Police records before they are allowed to enter the United States.

The bill is signed by the Socialist Party which, with 104 Deputies, is the largest group in the National Assembly.

"We do not envy (Senator Pat) McCarran's fame and have no desire to be French McCarrans," the bill stated, "but we feel it our duty to preserve freedom to set up in France retaliatory measures against any foreign country which carries on discriminatory measures inadmissible between free nations and even more so between traditionally friendly countries."—United Press.

MAYER'S MISSION TO U.S.

Paris, Jan. 21.

Premier Rene Mayer and other high officials of the new French Government will visit Washington next month to appeal for continued American financial aid and probably to call on President Eisenhower for greater help in Indo-China.

Plans for the mission were announced today.

Publicly it was described as part of a campaign by France to find and expand markets for French products to ease the threat of an economic crisis.

The group will visit Britain before going to Washington.

Informal sources said, however, that the mission will go far beyond matters of trade. France, these sources said, will probably ask, in addition to financial assistance and greater help in Indo-China, an increased voice in Mediterranean affairs.

M. Mayer, the sources added, hopes to line up the British behind French requests for greater assistance in Indo-China and for a greater voice in the defence arrangements for the Mediterranean.

It is disclosed that M. Pierre Abelin, former Secretary of State for Finance, will travel to South-East Asia at the same time to explore the possibilities of selling more goods.—United Press.

Increased Defence Estimates

London, Jan. 21.

The Government today asked Parliament to approve loans of £2,500,000 to finance increased production of uranium in South Africa and to boost output of this vital element in atomic energy in Australia.

The loans were part of Civil, Army, Navy and Defence supplementary estimates amounting to £108,855,930 more than the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Richard Butler, allowed in his Budget last March.

Earlier this month, the Australian Supply Minister, Mr. Howard Beale, announced that, under a new 10-year agreement with Britain and America, would contribute funds to a combined uranium development agency.

He said this agency would develop the run jungle uranium field in Australia's Northern Territory.

Early last year, the British Parliament approved a loan of £3,500,000 for the South African project.

Today's supplementary estimates came from the following departments:

Ministry of Materials £53,388,000.

Ministry of Supply £247,040,000.

War Office £35,000,000.

Export Credits Guarantee Department £14,818,000.

Foreign Office £10,000,000.

Admiralty £3,000,000.

Defence Ministry £10 (a token demand).—Reuter.

DULLES VISIT TO PARIS

Paris, Jan. 21.

The newly-appointed American Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles, and the new director of the American Mutual Security Agency, Mr. Harold E. Stassen, will meet members of the North Atlantic Council here next month.

A North Atlantic Council spokesman who announced this today said the Americans would discuss the Council's policy with its members.

They will attend a normal council meeting on February 3 on the invitation of the Organization's Secretary General, Lord Ismay.—Reuter.

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Added: Latest Gaumont British News

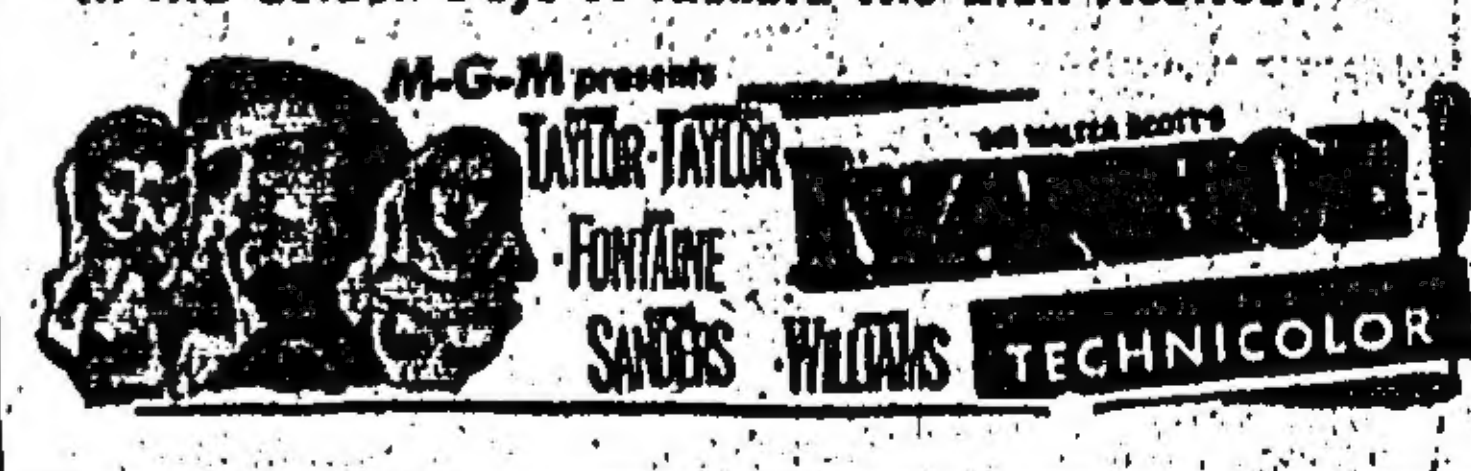
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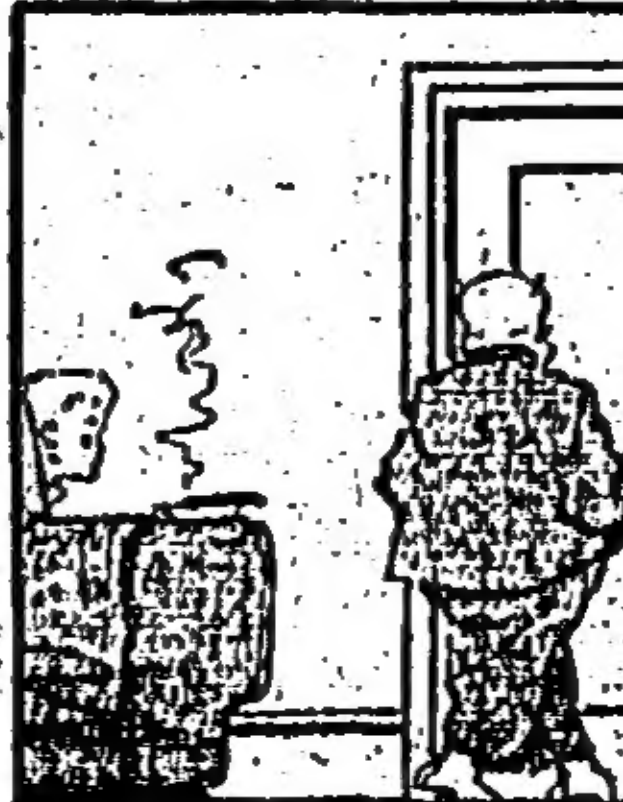
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Early Agreement On Sudan Believed Possible By Diplomats In Cairo

New Device For Blind

New York, Jan. 21. An American doctor today demonstrated a new device which, he said, offered hope to many people previously classed as blind.

Demonstrating a lens powerful enough to give "adequate eyesight" to the near-blind, Dr. William Feinbloom said the device was a member of "the microscopical lens family."

It was effective with many persons with as little as two per cent of vision, he said.—Reuter.

VIOLENT FIGHTING IN TONKIN

Hanoi, Jan. 21. Violent fighting again took place today during the course of "Operation A" which was launched a few days ago.

The centre of fighting moved toward the west in the direction of Thibinh. The struggle was particularly bitter for the possession of two villages seven kilometres from Thibinh.

French-Vietnamese troops, on several occasions engaged in hand-to-hand combat with the Vietnamese forces and 10 "Bureau" fighters had to intervene with napalm bombs to support the action of friendly elements.

French-Vietnamese forces had to cope with several rebel companies during the fighting which lasted throughout the day.

Yesterday, during bitter skirmishes, the Vietnamese forces lost 80 killed.

During the night, Vietnamese forces attacked a Franco-Vietnamese post south of Hanoi. The garrison in the post had to defend themselves in hand-to-hand fighting.

After the Vietnamese forces had succeeded in penetrating the post, Franco-Vietnamese reinforcements relieved the garrison.—France-Press.

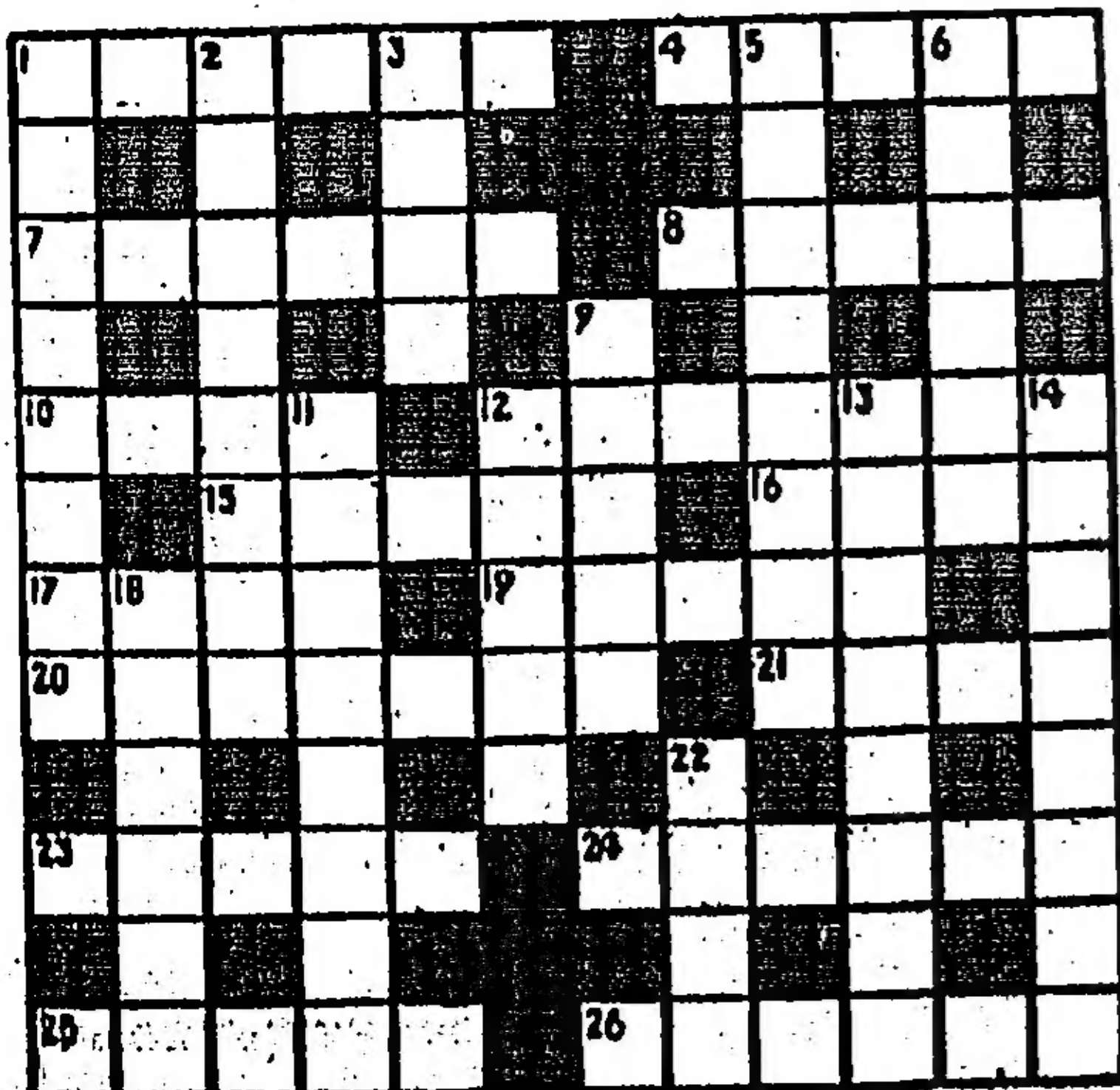
BRITAIN GETS AIR CONTRACT

London, Jan. 21. A contract for overhaul of aircraft belonging to the United States Air Force in Europe has been placed with a British company, Field Aircraft Services Limited, the United States Mutual Security Agency in London announced today.

The value of the contract, which is payable in dollars, is more than £714,000.

It was won in competition with bids from France, Belgium, Holland, Italy, Scandinavia and other United Kingdom firms.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 1 Meal (6)
- 2 Colour (6)
- 3 Abundance (6)
- 4 Skilled (6)
- 5 Praise (4)
- 6 Fight (7)
- 7 Of less importance (5)
- 8 Assert (4)
- 9 Watches (4)
- 10 Angry (5)
- 11 Fate (7)
- 12 Objects (4)
- 13 Outspoken (5)
- 14 Gorge (6)
- 15 Admitted (6)
- 16 Stems (6)

DOWN

- 1 Drove back (6)
- 2 Takes for granted (6)
- 3 Glut (4)
- 4 Muse (6)
- 5 Lay bare (6)
- 6 Contrite (5)
- 7 Remoteness (8)
- 8 Hard cash (5)
- 9 Final (8)
- 10 Intrude (6)
- 11 Cowardly (colloquial) (6)
- 12 Fitting (4)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 3 Erecting, 8 Intone, 9 Sanguine, 11 Consumers, 12 Omit, 13 Leave, 16 Spoil, 18 Romp, 22 Dilemma, 24 Brucella, 25 Itomote, 26 Deterred. Down: 1 Pinch, 2 Stone, 3 Enures, 4 Ream, 5 Cows, 6 Idioms, 7 Ghetto, 10 Nerve, 14 April, 16 Elected, 18 Probed, 19 Impact, 20 Droop, 21 Usur, 22 Dear, 23 Here.

Colonel On Trial In Germany

Heidelberg, Jan. 21. A German architect today denied giving an American army engineer 3,000 Marks and five tyres as a "business favour."

Lieutenant-Colonel Fred Walters, 47, of Floral Park, Long Island, New Jersey, is charged with accepting German gifts, buying tax-free items through the Army, living unlawfully with a comely, red-haired German woman and making a false statement.

Walters, former Heidelberg military construction chief, pleaded innocent when his general court martial opened here yesterday.

Otto Mackensen, a Mannheim architect, testified that he ordered the five tyres for an associate, a German contractor named Josef Korte.

Major Marvin Krieg of Knoxville, Tennessee, said he would call Gisela Koehler as a prosecution witness to relate that Walters, separated from his American wife, spent two nights in a South German resort hotel with the German woman.

Conviction on all four charges would carry a maximum sentence of 10 years and four months plus a fine.—Associated Press.

Coronation Stamps

London, Jan. 21. Special souvenir stamps bearing portraits of Prince Charles and Princess Anne are to be issued by the National Savings Committee to mark the Coronation.

Queen Elizabeth herself chose the photographs to be used.

"Although some of the Dominion countries have used stamps of the Royal children, this is the first time it has been permitted in Britain," Lord MacIntosh of Halifax, Chairman of the National Savings Committee, told a Press conference today.—Reuter.

MR TRUMAN ON THE WAY HOME

Cincinnati, Jan. 21. Mr Harry Truman, on his way home to Independence, Missouri, as a plain citizen, found out today what it was like to get around as an ex-President.

He took a fast walk into the station, when his train reached Cincinnati, to pick up a couple of morning papers. For the first time since 1945, no Secret Service men were at his side to steer him through the crowd.

As he appeared to reboard the Presidential private coach, which he is using by courtesy of President Eisenhower, a man gave this final goodbye: "Hope to see you in the White House again in four years."

"Oh, no, you won't," the grey-haired former President said with emphasis.

Chatting with Cincinnati reporters and others riding the Missouri-bound train, Mr Truman told them: "I can't tell you what I am going to do in the future because I don't know. I am going to try to get a good rest first."

He has got to get adjusted to civilian life.—Reuter.

Rain-Making Experiments

Norwich, Jan. 21. Mr Basil Mason, 27, leader of the cloud research group at London University, is on his way to Arizona to plan a five-year artificial rain-making programme there.

A team of American scientists and Dr E. G. Bowen, Australia's leading rain-maker, will be working under him.

At the end of the experiments Mr Mason hopes to be able to answer the question: Did I cause the rain, or would it have come anyway?

"We shall plan a large number of experiments," said Mr Mason, "and hope to be able to tell, by comparing average rainfalls, whether we have produced more rain than before."

Mr Mason obtained his BSc degree at 19, and at 22 was the youngest lecturer at London University.

Turco-Greek Co-operation

Belgrade, Jan. 21. The Turkish Foreign Minister, Mr Fuat Koprulu, and the Yugoslav Foreign Secretary, General Koca Popovic, today pledged their countries' efforts to work for peace and security in the Balkans against the threat of Eastern aggression.

They exchanged letters at lunch, less than 24 hours after Mr Koprulu's arrival to talk over with Marshal Tito, President of Yugoslavia, problems of economic, political and defensive alliance out of which may come a general treaty.

General Popovic said co-operation between the two countries, with Greece included as a partner, is based upon the mutual needs and interests of the security and peace of the Balkans and of the world.

Despite the fact that Turkey once was Yugoslavia's major enemy, General Popovic said.

Mr Koprulu will leave Belgrade tonight to travel west to meet Tito, probably on the Adriatic island of Brioni. He will return here on Saturday.—Associated Press.

As an indication that they may reach a written agreement, General Popovic said Yugoslavia and Turkey have approached the point where it is completely justified to believe that there have now been created the basic conditions for a strong and full co-operation.

He said a lasting co-operation between the two Balkan neighbours is a source of strength and security for other countries, too, which wish to co-operate for security and peace.

Mr Koprulu will leave Belgrade tonight to travel west to meet Tito, probably on the Adriatic island of Brioni. He will return here on Saturday.—Associated Press.

Cairo, Jan. 21.

General Mohammed Naguib, the Egyptian Prime Minister, said today he hoped there would be an amicable settlement of the twin problems of the Sudan and British evacuation of the Canal Zone.

In an interview with the Times of India correspondent here, he said he did not think it would be necessary for Egypt to resort to guerilla warfare to get the British to withdraw.

Guerilla warfare was advocated by the General's political and military adviser, Lieutenant-Colonel Gamal Abdel Nasser, in an interview last November.

Diplomatic quarters noted that the anger and despair which have recently characterized official Egyptian comment on these questions had now waned. The conciliatory note in General Naguib's tone indicated an early agreement on the Sudan issue, these quarters added.—Reuter.

"SERIOUS THREAT"

Cairo, Jan. 21. Egyptian strongman General Mohammed Naguib's right hand man, Lieut.-Col Gamal Abdel Nasser, declared today that Communism posed a serious threat to Egypt.

He said that arrests of subversives would continue and repeated demands for the evacuation of the British from Egypt.

The tall, black moustached officer said in an interview that elaborate security measures

would be taken to guard against disturbance of law and order during the capital's celebration later this month of the sixth month of General Naguib's coming to power.

Outlining his views in his offices in the Army General Headquarters, Col Nasser said that Communism definitely posed a serious menace in Egypt and that some labourers and students were being financed by interested parties in order to spread Communist doctrine. Suspecting Egypt's present drive to clean up Communists and other subversive elements, Col Nasser said, "Arrests are continuing on a small scale. Any one who is proved to be participating in any subversive activities will be arrested."

BRITISH TROOPS

He declined to say whether it had been established that Egyptian Communists' funds were being supplied from Moscow.

Referring to the continued presence of British troops in Egypt, Col Nasser said, "As long as there are any foreign troops in Egypt all Egyptians will be anti-British. No confidence can exist between the two countries (Egypt and Britain) as long as British troops remain."

He also flatly denied reports that Egypt would be proclaimed a Republic during the Naguib anniversary festivities and additionally disclaimed any rumours that several leading military figures would enter General Naguib's Cabinet shortly.

The lean, quiet-spoken officer declared during his interview in English that he would like to go to the United States to visit military establishments there and become acquainted with the American people.—United Press.

EDEN'S APPROACH

Khartoum, Jan. 21. Sir Abdel Rahman El Mahdi, leader of the Umma (the Sudan's People's Party) has been asked by the British Foreign Secretary, Anthony Eden, to use his influence in settling Southern Sudan problems, usually reliable sources said today.

Mr Eden sent his message to Mahdi in the middle of December. It is understood, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent wrote tonight.

He did so to obtain clarification of the Mahdi's attitude to the position of the Southern provinces.

Early during the current negotiations with Egypt on the Sudan, Britain was told that the Egyptian Government had no strong feelings on the proposed retention of the Governor-General's special powers for protecting the interests of the backward tribes in Southern Sudan.

But the Egyptian negotiators said they could not go back on the agreement they had signed with the Umma party.

This agreement did not provide for these special powers.

Since the Umma party had earlier in the Khartoum Legislative Assembly agreed to the special powers and because the Mahdi made no mention of them when he met Mr Eden here last Autumn, the Foreign Secretary felt it was necessary to ask for clarification.

The Mahdi's reply said he could not go back on the Umma Party's subsequent decision to omit the special powers.—Reuter.

Taking Shakespeare "Down Under"



Indonesia Land Reform Plans Legislation To Be Submitted

Djakarta, Jan. 22.

The Indonesian Government has decided to put an end to the private-owned land system which has existed for centuries in the country.

A bill to this effect has been approved, and will be submitted to Parliament.

Under this regulation, as soon as it becomes law, the Government will start buying up private-owned land scattered throughout Indonesia, mostly in and around the larger towns. According to an official in the Home Ministry, this purchase will involve approximately 100,000,000 rupiahs and will be completed in four years' time.

The private-owned land system dates back to some 200 years ago when the former Dutch East Indies Administration had to fill its financial deficit by selling State domains to individuals. This system provided the right for owners to levy taxes on the people inhabiting their areas and to create practically an administrative system of their own.

However, the Government of the seven-year-old Republic of Indonesia considers the maintenance of this method as not in accordance with its constitutional policy, and, therefore, has decided to break with it.

The nation's financial status, however, does not permit the buying up of these lands at this time; nevertheless legislation is regarded necessary to do away with the system.

GRADUAL PROCESS
According to a Government official, the purchase of the lands will be carried out gradually and according to a manner which the State deems essential to the interest of the public, such as the creation of new living quarters and villages, the erection of Government buildings and the expansion of cities and towns.

Most of these private-owned estates are situated in and around big towns like Surabaya, Bandung, Semarang and Djakarta in Java, and Medan in Sumatra, Pontianak in Borneo and Makassar in the Celebes.

The execution of the regulation will be undertaken in as amicable manner as possible, and mutual consultation will be carried out between the Government and the owners as regards the price at which the lands are to be bought back.

However, according to one official, if owners prove to be persistent in their price demands or not willing to return their landed properties, the Government will have to use its right to "expropriate" them as a last resort.

One of the most undesirable factors in this private-owned land system, especially in big towns, is the fact that owners continue to collect rent and taxes from the population without taking good care of the inhabitants as well as of the maintenance of public roads, the sewerage system and so on.—France-Press.

ADMISSION OF JAPAN TO G.A.T.T. FORECAST

Geneva, Jan. 21. Eric Wyndham-White, Executive Secretary of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), said today there is a reasonable prospect Japan may be admitted to the Agreement before the end of this year.

An 18-nation Committee is due to meet in Geneva on February 2 to discuss the Japanese application for admission. Membership of GATT would guarantee Japanese exports the same tariff treatment by the other member states as those states now give to each other's products.

Britain and Australia opposed Japan's unconditional admission when the question was first raised at a meeting of GATT members in Geneva last October. The United States and nearly all the Asian countries strongly supported Japan's admission.

Next month's Committee meeting is to decide the principle of admission as well as the time and place of the necessary preliminary negotiations with Japan.

"There is a reasonable prospect that the Committee will make a positive recommendation," Mr Wyndham-White said in an interview. "If its recommendation is approved by a majority of the GATT members, the preliminary tariff negotiations could take place during the Summer and Japan might be able to accede to the Agreement by the end of the year."

This time-table was optimistic, Mr Wyndham-White said, but any delay in the actual admission of Japan was of no great importance.—Associated Press.

AKIHIRO'S TOUR

Tokyo, Jan. 21. The Imperial Household Board estimated the expenses of the travel of Crown Prince Akihito to England at 110 million yen (about £110,000).

The Prince is to be present at the Coronation ceremony of Queen Elizabeth this June and is expected to travel to North America and Europe.—Reuter.

"War" On Pigeons

London, Jan. 21. Pigeons have become such a menace to crops in Norfolk that the county's Agricultural Executive Committee is organising a "shoot-out war".—Reuter.

TANKER'S DASH FROM ABADAN

Teheran, Jan. 21. Kazam Haseebi, former member of the mixed oil commission, said that the Italian tanker Miriella, which left Abadan yesterday for an undisclosed destination with 6,000 tons of Iranian oil on board, would avoid the fate of the Rose Mary last year.

The Rose Mary was detained at Aden by the British and her cargo confiscated.

He said all Britain could do against the 3,580-ton Miriella was to file suit at the destination port, which certainly would be Italian.

Kazam Haseebi added that Persia had great confidence in the integrity of the Italian courts.

(Italian shipping sources said the voyage of the Miriella, owned by the Italian Campanella Transport Marittimi (Cimmar), had been timed so that she would be the first to arrive at Abadan after the Aden court's ruling in the Rose Mary case.)—Reuter.

Huge Soviet Electric Power Scheme Revealed

Moscow, Jan. 21.

A new electric power transmission line—with a tension of 400,000 volts—is being laid between Kulyab and Moscow.

An announcement said this will be the first time in the world that transmission of such voltage has been handled over a distance so great—1,000 kilometres (about 600 miles).

The transmission line will cross the territory of six Soviet Oblasts, will pass over rivers, ravines and cut through forests and swamps.

The line will have more than 4,000 metal towers for supports, each about 30 metres tall (roughly 90 feet). Work has begun on construction of the foundations for the supports and installation of a great deal of the metal work.—Associated Press.

Magnetic Activity

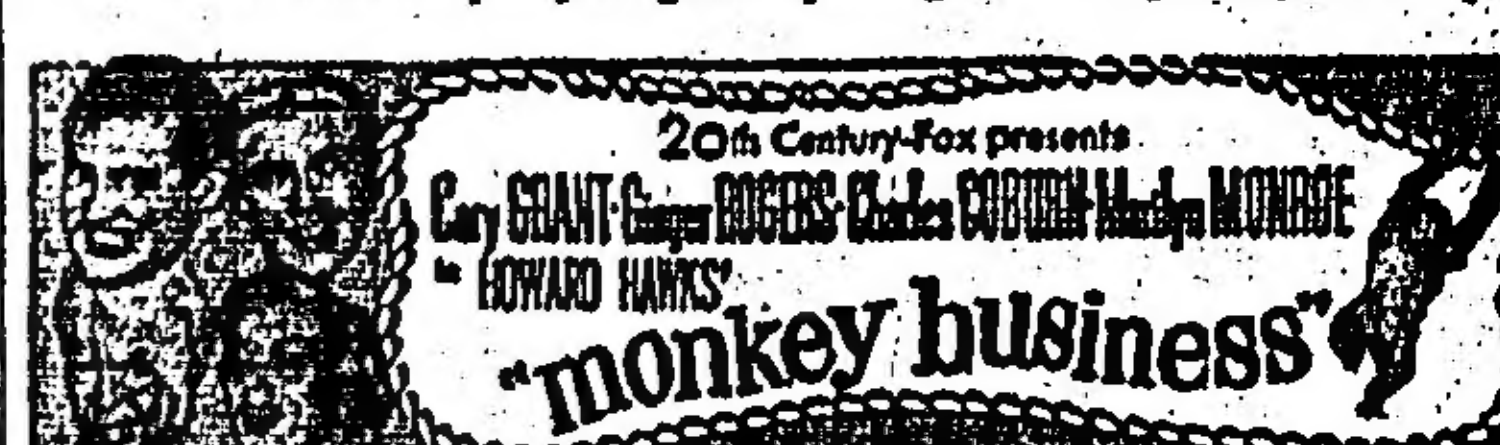
London, Jan. 21. A period of magnetic activity will interfere with radio propagation conditions as follows: January 21-24 moderately; January 25-28 very severely; January 29-31 moderately.—Reuter.

ROXY & BROADWAY

REPEATING TO-DAY ONLY • BY POPULAR DEMAND
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COMMENCING TO-MORROW
... It all started when Rudolph the ape discovers how to make people grow younger and younger ...




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THE
EVENT
OF THE
SEASON

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Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor,
Sir Alexander Grantham, G.C.M.G. and Lady Grantham.

IN AID OF THE BOYS' AND GIRLS'
CLUBS ASSOCIATION

at the
SKYROOM
LUNA PARK

**FRIDAY, JAN. 30
8 P.M. to 2 A.M.**

FLOOR SHOWS BY RENOWNED ARTISTS
TICKETS \$50 (double) \$30 (single)

Book your table now, ground floor,
Gloucester Arcade, near lifts.
From 11.30 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Your whole family needs
nourishing

QUAKER OATS



Big Benefits from Quaker Oats

MORE ENERGY..... It's rich in carbohydrates
MORE STRENGTH..... plenty of proteins
MORE STAMINA because of generous thiamin (Vitamin B₁)
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DIARIES

FIVE YEAR DELUXE • DAY &
APPOINTMENT

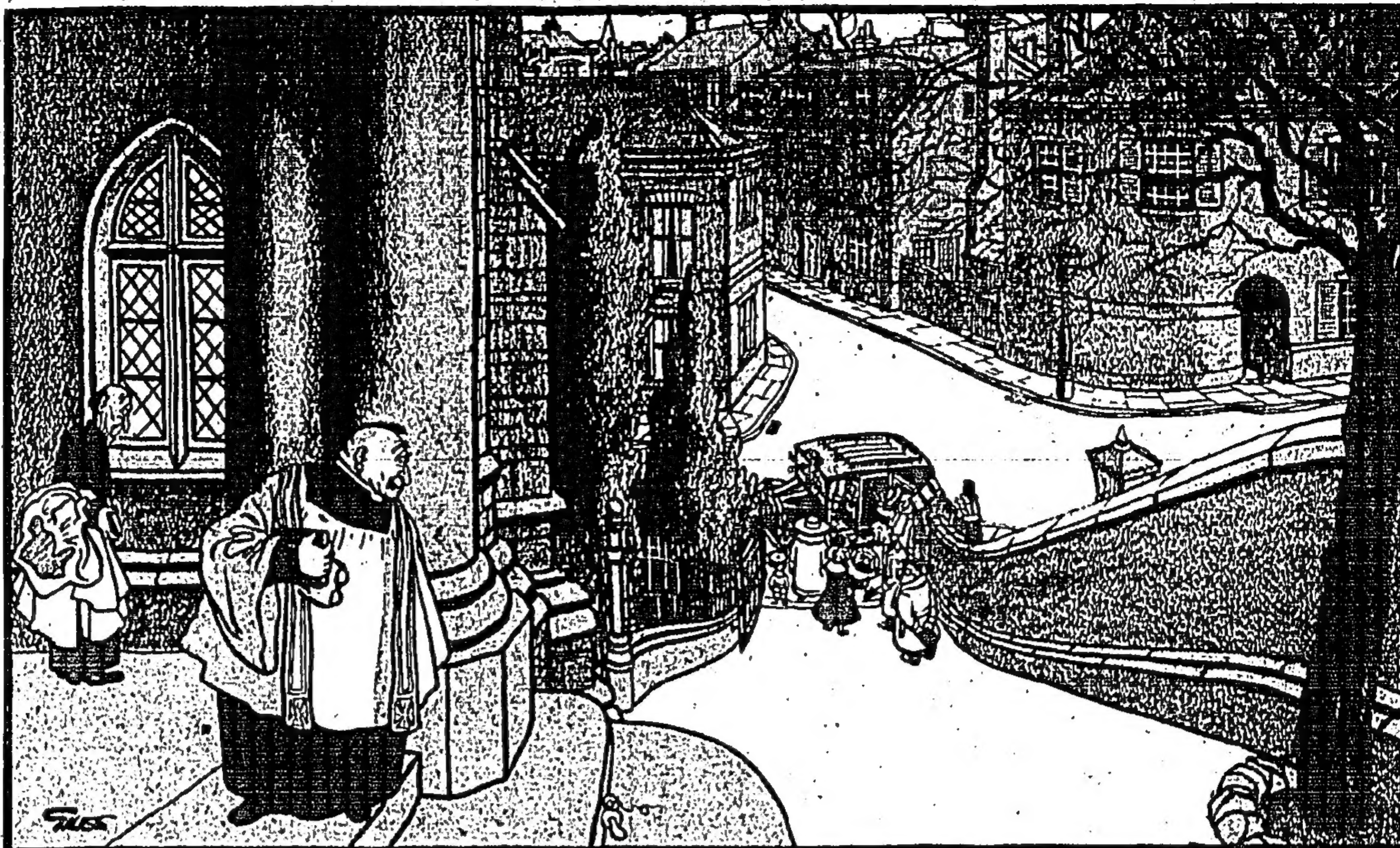
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ADDRESS BOOKS • AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS
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from

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.
Hong Kong and Kowloon.

WHAT'S IN A NAME by GILES



"This Churchill-Eisenhower meeting had better come to something—we've had a big run on 'Winstons' and 'Dwights' lately." London Express Service

WANTED: NEW DEAL FOR JAMAICA

Ochochos, Tuesday.
MR CHURCHILL'S arrival here for his holiday coincided with a Jamaican jaunt of 300 American business men and their wives. The Americans were not merely big business men, they were mammoth—magnates, tycoons, presidents, and chairmen of huge United States enterprises.

They came in the chartered s.s. Ocean Monarch to attend the dedication of the Reynolds bauxite works at Belmont, just near Ochochos. After the ceremonies the business men, their wives, their friends, and their girl

friends, etc., have departed. All is peace. All is quiet. Jamaica, despite the surface glitter, is still a desperately poor country. The average wage in the island is not more than £1 a week—less than the tip the business men casually tossed on the table for a few rounds of drinks. The average diet is flour, bananas, rice, breadfruit, bits of fish, but little meat.

The taxi driver or the waiter, who makes big money during the two-month season, is doing nothing at all for the remaining ten months of the year. There is enfeebling unemployment.

I asked the Hon. William Alexander Bustamante, leader of the majority Labour Party (which is really Conservative), about unemployment, and he said: "It's impossible to give exact figures—one week it may be 50,000 and the next 100,000; but I do say this—that during the past eight years there has been a vast improvement in our economic condition. There is less misery, want, and suffering."



BUSTAMANTE

friends relaxed at Tower Isle, a \$2,000,000 super hotel on the Miami Beach model.

This relaxation took the form of staying up half the night dancing, drinking, and generally whooping-up the resort.

Bands blared so loudly that the din probably penetrated the fastnesses of Prospect, the house where Mr Churchill is established.

I thought I had wandered into another Presidential convention. It was Chicago all over again—a boisterous bedlam and razzle-dazzle revelry.

The clamour was loud and non-stop. As soon as one band had stopped playing another took over. There were wandering groups of calypso players and singers, the thud of drums, the pop of champagne corks, and a lot of screaming and shrill laughter. I thought that surely Mr Churchill had chosen the wrong place for rest and ease. Fortunately, the relaxing business men, their wives and

into a Federation with a 3,000,000 population. He said grandly: "I will not have it unless the headquarters of the Federation is established in one of the small islands. Jamaica and Trinidad have too much and are too big. That is my condition—a small island to head the Federation. And I expect the Federation to come about in approximately three years."

Then he said: "Call me Busta and remember I'm proud to be a Britisher, although I welcome the Americans and love them too. As for Mr Churchill, all of us love him and are very happy he is spending his holiday here."

Busta then strode away to shake a few more hands and embrace a few more ladies. I saw him at Tower Isle among the coveting business men, a tall, proud figure. The feeling among others less spectacular than Bustamante is that there should be a preliminary conference in the British Caribbean before the delegates depart for the London conference which will open on April 12. It is obvious that something must be

done to put Jamaica on a sound financial basis, and perhaps Federation is the answer.

The splendid hotels, the dazzling constellation of silver seas and glittering beaches cannot solve Jamaica's economic problems. The sugar industry, the banana industry, and agriculture cannot. There has to be a new deal for Jamaica.

Capital needed

At the moment what is needed is most capital, and the British won't or cannot supply it. The Americans are pouring in millions of dollars and are ready to pour in more.

In Jamaica far more children are born out of wedlock than in

Lady Huggins, wife of the ex-Governor, put energy and drive into the task of trying to build up family life. She published the mass marriage under which 20 couples at a time would be wed. Her efforts had a fair amount of success, but the rate

of illegitimacy is still depressingly high. Yet these people are religious. Sometimes their religion takes the form of extremes, but the faith is there. The native Jamaican needs moral and religious help.

Thousands of Jamaicans want work desperately. Thousands want to go to the United States to get work. There is great resentment against the McCarran Act, which blocks the flow of Jamaican labourers into the United States.

At least there is strenuous effort here to solve the harsh problems of the Jamaicans. The Governor, Sir Hugh Foot, is tireless, imaginative, and extremely popular.

Jamaican and British officials, in particular those of British Overseas Airways and British West Indies Airways, are striving to attract tourists and trade. The holiday visit of Mr Churchill is helping them immeasurably.

stand—Scotch, £2 4s. a bottle; Bourbon, £2 8s. 10d.

BRIGHTER PROSPECTS for Britain was the subject of the New York Herald-Tribune's leader recently. It says:—

"For the first time in three years Great Britain seems to have more reason for optimism than pessimism. Most promising augury is that she will have the help of the Commonwealth in developing usable and saleable economic resources. Despite the existence of disturbing factors the prospects are, on balance, quite bright."

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Mr Dulles owns at least four copies of this book.

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ADOLPH ZUKOR, the 66-year-old film czar, broke down and cried at a luncheon which Hollywood gave in his honour.

Fifty years ago he started his career by opening a penny arcade in New York. Forty years ago he established one of Hollywood's first studios. The luncheon was held in a ballroom on the site of that studio. Among the guests was one of the early Zukor stars, Mary Pickford.

MANLEY, Oxford-educated and a Queen's Counsel, charged the other day that Bustamante had surrendered to the Governor the role of Chief Minister under a proposed plan which will give the Governor power to appoint the Chief Minister. Bustamante pooh-poohs the charge.

He talked to me about the much-discussed plan to weld Britain's West Indian colonies

DON IDDON'S DIARY

A KING BANS BEER

By J. L. HAYS

SOFTLY out of the desert come whisperers of a drama before which even Hollywood script writers might well stand humbly bare-headed.

Star of this story of the burning sands of Saudi Arabia is 77-year-old King Ibn Saud, the £50,000,000-a-year King of the Nejd and Hedjaz, Imam of the Wahabites, Guardian of the Holy Cities and Lord of Arabia.

Extra are scores of tough, hard-living, sun-burnt American oilmen, employees of the Arabian-American Oil Company, masters of the world's biggest oil concession (440,000 square miles) and the biggest single oil-producing (850,000 barrels a day) organization on the face of the earth.

And the plot?... Ibn Saud, like the granite-faced old Moslem autocrat he is, has banned the importation of all alcoholic drink into Saudi Arabia, and cast a chill over the oilmen's air-conditioned, chromium-plated bungalows and caravans squatted above 15,000,000 barrels of known oil reserves—or just about half of the world reserves under American control.

BURNING FAITH

For Saudi Arabia is a Moslem country, and Ibn Saud is a Moslem king to whom all drinking, dancing, singing, or smoking is abhorrent. And neither pleases nor pressures from the oil companies—from which he draws most of his fabulous wealth in "royalties"—are likely to deter this stern old warrior.

Islam is a fiercely burning faith in the heart of Ibn Saud, who prays five times daily in his vast white-washed, domed, walled air-conditioned palace at Riyadh.

From the beginning the Americans and their families have had to toe the Moslem line in Saudi Arabia.

Their first surveys and engineers were ordered to grow beards and to wear Arab dress. Even today they are not allowed to keep dogs as pets, or to arrange Christian marriages. Their chaplains are instructed to hold Christian services in private.

Many times Ibn Saud (himself reputed to have been married 200 times, to have as many as 150 sons) has clearly hinted that he might one day insist that the American women go veiled outside the company's compounds.

NOT PLEASANT

But these are minor pin-pricks compared with the lopping-off of drink supplies, for testatorials are rare indeed among oilmen, fond of their ice-cold limbed beer and their evening highballs.

Anxious company officials, doing their diplomatic best to get the ban relaxed, are not optimistic.

They know—as the whole of the Middle East knows—that the old man signed the prohibition decree to defend something dearer to him than wealth or power—the religious upbringing of Saudi Arabians in general and of his own sons in particular.

Like all good Moslems, Saudi Arabians should not drink. But the rich scions of the desert nobility, mixing with the Americans, visiting their homes and clubs, driving American cars, wearing American suits, inevitably experimented with Western ways.

The results have not always been pleasant. Not long ago a Briton was shot dead by one of Ibn Saud's younger sons after a party. The king paid the widow \$25,000 damages and ordered the young prince to be imprisoned indefinitely and to receive 20 lashes a month.

Now Ibn Saud, inclined to blame "foreigners" and their ways for the misbehaviour of his country's youth, has acted.

3 PLANES IN A ROYAL HUSTLE

AMERICA COLUMN
from
NEWELL ROGERS

New York.
AT least three airliners will fly from London to New York on a Coronation Day mission.

Their aim: to get films of the Coronation on American TV before midnight.

The planes will have a good chance because New York is five hours behind London time. And given reasonable weather a propeller-driven airliner can fly the Atlantic in under 12 hours.

The films taken in Westminster Abbey will be sent by motorcyclist to darkrooms near by for processing.

Then a hoverplane will carry them to the airlines at London Airport, and they will be edited on the flight.

One TV company plans to spend \$23,000 on this race against time.

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more widespread this year. There are 13 new stations plus 73 which were on the air last year.

NEW YORKERS will be without 400 doctors and dentists for 12 days. They have gone on a sunshine cruise to the Caribbean. Between dock-gangs they will have lectures on professional subjects and watch medical films. Said one "I will return with a suntan and a good education."

FLAG MAKERS are unhappy. They have 200 million star-spangled banners in stock. Each flag has 48 stars, one for each State. If Hawaii is admitted as the 49th State, which may happen soon, all the flags will be out of date.

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POCKET CARTOON
by OSBERT LANCASTER



"Don't forget, darling, that this perfectly magnificent display comes from the Jardin de la Tante de the man who clips us our wife."

JOHN LANDY WILL TRY TO CRASH THE FOUR-MINUTE MILE THIS SATURDAY

By GORDON TAIT

Melbourne, Jan. 21.

John Landy, fastest known Miller in the world today, will try next Saturday to crash through the four-minute barrier.

Landy, 22-year-old curly-haired Australian student of agricultural science, ran the mile on December 13 in 4:02.1, and today looks the best prospect anywhere for an early Four-Minute Mile.

He will be running on Saturday in the Australian Championships at Perth, Western Australia.

"It will be a fast mile," he told the Associated Press just before he left Melbourne for the West. "I'll be trying hard, but it's a gamble. It will depend on the conditions of the track, how I'm feeling on the day, and the weather. Most people agree it's very difficult to break a record with the temperature anything over 85°."

But no matter how he runs in Perth, John Landy has no immediate plans of going to the United States.

NO LIFE STUDY

He's keen to finish his four-year course in agricultural science at the University of Melbourne and says: "I'm not going to run round tracks for ever—it's no life study for me."

Landy crashed into the line with his 4:02.1 run, the third fastest ever in the world and only 7/10ths of a second slower than Gunder Haegg's world record of 4:01.4. Landy's time will go down in the Australian record book as 4:02.2 because Mile races are officially timed only in fifths of a second.

Three weeks after that run which started the Australian record of 4:00.0, "The Meteor" Landy, as some are now calling him, ran the mile in 4:02.8.

Critics hailed that run as greater than his record. Conditions could hardly have been worse. The track was hard, un-

watered, and had been practically unrun for a week. The race was run in a blustery wind, without opposition, while Landy also was hampered with a heavy cold, which had given him a sleepless night.

SUDDEN RISE

Landy's sudden rise to the top of the world's mileers is one of the epics of the Australian track. A few weeks ago he was hardly known in his home country. When he ran the third fastest mile ever the feat was dismissed in small paragraphs in the Sunday newspapers.

It was not until Monday that the newspapers and the public realised that here at home was the best Four-Minute Mile prospect in recent years.

Landy and his middle-aged coach, Percy Cerutti, both believed the Four-Minute Mile will come, and come fairly soon.

In this belief, they differ from the school of thought which looks on the Four-Minute Mile as reaching beyond the limits of human endurance.

Cerutti believes the limit of speed and endurance today is far from the ultimate. He said he will live to see the day when the mile is run in 3:53, and the 100 yards in nine seconds.

Landy himself sees nothing impossible about a Four-Minute Mile. Four minutes, he says, is a round figure that has popped up conveniently in front of the world record.

"I don't know whether I can do it or not," he says. "Nobody does. But why single me out? There are plenty of others in Europe and one in America in hotter pursuit of the record than I am although their best times are just a fraction slower than mine."

BUTTERFLIES

"Somebody in the coming European track season will get closer to a Four-Minute Mile than I am today."

Landy, by the way, would just as soon talk about butterflies as about mile running. He collects them, and has specimens from all over Australia. "Just an average sort of collection," he says.

Landy is 5 feet 11 1/2 inches high, runs best when weighing 150 pounds.—Associated Press.

Two More For Baseball's Hall Of Fame

New York, Jan. 21. Dizzy Dean and Al Simmons today were elected to Baseball's Hall of Fame.

Dean, former ace right-handed pitcher of the Cardinals and Cubs, received 209 ballots, 11 more than necessary for election. Simmons, heavy-hitting outfielder of the Athletics, made it by one ballot, receiving 199.

With 264 members of the Baseball Writers' Association voting, 198 votes were necessary for election or three-fourths of the total cast. Bill Terry, who missed out last year by 21 votes, missed out this year by seven, receiving 191 votes.

DIMAGGIO, a great centre fielder of Yankees, who was eligible for the first time this year and had been expected to be elected, did not make it, finishing eighth with a total of 117 votes.—United Press.

RIFLE SHOOT

Spoon winners at the practice shoot of the Hongkong Rifle Association held at Kai Tak on Sunday last are as follows: S.R. (a) Class "B"—Ibrahim—83.

S.R. (b) Class "C"—Henderson—82.

S.R. (c) Class "A"—L. A. Rosario—93.

S.R. (d) Class "B"—L. A. Rosario—93.

GEOFFREY DUKE SIGNS UP FOR CAR RACING TEAM



His wife Patricia gets a job, too

By ROBERT WALLING

Geoffrey Duke, 25, world champion motorcycle racer, has signed up as a member of the Aston Martin sports car team for the 1959 season. The team, which includes Reginald Parnell, race in 145 m.p.h. "DBS 111" competition models, which are not available to the ordinary motorist.

Mr. Duke's wife, Patricia, will act as a helper to the timekeeper. Duke began his motor racing career at 16 with a 175 cc motorcycle which cost him 25s.

Geoffrey Duke and his wife, Patricia, play with toy cars after the contract had been signed.—London, Express Service

SPORTS ROUND-UP

Zatopek's Distance Records The Target Of Newly-Formed British Road Runners' Club

Emil Zatopek's world distance records are the target of the newly-formed British Road Runners' Club. They plan to attack the records in a 30-mile race on a track, possibly at Motspur Park, with all the star home athletes competing.

The competitors will be specifically asked to name the most suitable date and time of the year for the event. There will be a chance for the runners to attack records at all distances, but the principal ones the organisers have in mind are Zatopek's world figures for 25,000 and 30,000 metres which he set up last October.

These times are still awaiting ratification. His world records for 15,000 and 20,000 metres have already been recognised. An official of the Road Runners' Club said: "We think that, given the opportunity, a runner like Jim Peters, the British Marathon Champion, can get inside Zatopek's records."

NABAW JUNIOR
Cricket is to have another Nabaw of Pataudi. He is Nabaw junior, son of the famous cricketer prince who died suddenly a year ago.

The young Nabaw is only 12 but has already shown himself capable of carrying on the great family tradition. He is being coached by Frank Woolley.

The late Nabaw was also coached by Woolley, to whom he attributed much of his success. Ken, left-hander, was his idol, and it was one of his early ambitions to join him in the Kent side.

But Kent are one of the few sides who prefer players born in their own country, so Pataudi qualified for Worcester. Like his father, the young Nabaw will go to an English public school, and then on to Oxford.

Here, the task of living up to his father's name will be difficult indeed. The late Nabaw twice made a century in the University match, and his 238 not out in 1931 is a record for the series.

He also gained a blue at Hockey. He went on to play for England both at home and in Australia, and made a century in his first Test. He finished his career by leading the first touring team to visit England after the war, the Indians in 1946.

HAT TRICK
Daphne Wilkinson, 21-year-old British 440-yard women's free-style champion, has made swimming history. For the third year in succession she has been awarded the Yester Trophy, the first time that anyone has ever accomplished the feat. The trophy is presented each year to the athlete adjudged to have done most for British swimming.

INCREASED IN VALUE
The Doncaster Coronation Cup, to be run at the St Leger meeting in September, is to be increased in value. The Doncaster executive are putting up £5,000 in added money.

To commemorate the Coronation the race will also carry a cup valued at £600. It is a weight-for-age race for three-year-olds and upwards, and run over two miles and a quarter. The entry fee is £25 with an additional £25 for acceptors.

HOMICIDE HANK
Hank Mahlo, the South African non-European Lightweight Champion, is known in his own country as Homicide Hank. But when he fights in

INDIANS 208 FOR 4 IN FIRST TEST AT PORT OF SPAIN

Port of Spain, Trinidad, Jan. 21.

India scored 208 for the loss of four wickets here when the first game of the Test series against the West Indies opened.

Steady bowling throughout the day had India on the defensive and, but for some chances missed, they might have been in a bad position.

Apte, for instance, was missed twice behind the wicket and went on to reach 64. He and Ramchand put on 94 runs for the second wicket. Later, Umrigar and Phadkar engaged in an unbroken stand of 50 for the fifth wicket.

Hazare had won the toss to give India first knock on what seemed to be a perfect batsmen's wicket.

Mankad and Apte opened the Indian innings to the bowling of medium paced King and Gomez. Apte opened India's score with a square cut for four.

In King's second over the wicketkeeper Bhana dropped a snick from Mankad. But at the other end, Apte cover drove and square cut successive balls from Gomez for fours.

As the game progressed King's length became better and on the last ball of his fourth over he claimed Mankad. Mankad covered up without making any attempt to play a ball which he expected to swing away, but which went straight through.

After 50 minutes' play, King was relieved by Ramchand, while Gomez continued at the other end.

32 RUNS IN AN HOUR
Only 32 runs were scored in the first hour's play, Apte claiming 27 of these. After bowling for 67 minutes, Gomez was relieved by Valentino. The batsmen were unable to pierce a well placed field and ran sharp singles to keep the score moving.

In the last over before lunch Ramchand drove in and Worell at short mid-wicket was unable to hold a low hard catch.

Apte, when 34, attempted to cut Valentino and mistimed the ball, but Bhina dropped an easy catch. The second wicket partnership between Apte and Ramchand had at this stage yielded 50 in 60 minutes.

The batsmen took all possible singles and then Apte hooked Ramchand for four to reach his 50 in 120 minutes. India's first 100 was scored in 147 minutes, the batsmen having scored a run minute since lunch.

Stollmeyer, the captain, went on to bowl slow leg breaks and he broke the second wicket partnership in his first over. Apte snicking an easy catch to wicketkeeper Bhana.

Apte and Ramchand had added 94 in 131 minutes, including 67 runs in 65 minutes after lunch.

Nigel Howard Invited To Lead Lancashire

London, Jan. 21.

The Lancashire County Cricket Club have invited Nigel Howard to continue as captain of the club next season and he is expected to accept.

Howard, first appointed in 1949, said today: "I am almost sure my father will agree to my carrying on."

His father, Major Howard, said: "I have not had the time yet to sort out the business position, and we shall have to wait and see."

The Howards are in the textile business, with Major Howard as Managing Director of the firm and his two sons as co-directors.

Nigel's brother, Barry, has resigned the captaincy of the Lancashire Second XI because of business.—Reuter.

Preparations For The Ryder & Walker Cup

By A Golfing Correspondent

Nine months before the Ryder Cup competition is to be played, Britain has taken an important step towards regaining the trophy she has not held for 15 years. This is the appointment of Henry Cotton as captain of the British team.

If any golfer can lead Britain to victory over the Americans at Wentworth in October, it is Cotton. He is the Len Hutton of English golf; a perfect sportsman but a ruthless opponent, a player who loves a fight and commands respect from the toughest opposition.

The Americans have good reason to remember Cotton's prowess. It was he who in 1934 ended a 10-year American domination of the British Open.

The tournament was played at Royal St George's and the American contingent entered in strength. But three successive rounds by Cotton of 66, 67 and 65 spreadeagled the opposition.

His aggregate of 253 was at that time the lowest ever recorded for an open Championship. Not for 15 years was the figure equalled by A.D. Locke of South Africa.

At Carnoustie in 1937 Cotton again held off strong American opposition to gain his second win. And the same year he beat Desmore Shute of the USA by 6 and 5 over 72 holes in a match which was billed as "The World Championship."

A FINE JUDGE
Besides being elected captain of the 1933 team, Cotton has been co-opted to the Selection Committee. This is another good move, for he is a fine judge of a player and his experience will be invaluable.

If Cotton so decides, he will be free to play in the Ryder Cup. He is now 45 and is recent years has often hinted at retirement from the first class game.

But by gaining fourth place in the Open last year he showed that the old skill was still there. His last two rounds of 74 and 71 were two strokes better than anyone else on the final day.

Cotton will play in most of the major tournaments this year

A GREAT FACTOR

Experience is a great factor in these clashes of the top amateurs of two countries and, for that reason, one hopes that room may be found in the British team for Crawley himself.

At 49 the former Essex County cricketer, now acting correspondent for the Daily Telegraph, is in great form. His length does not seem to have suffered with the passing years and his ability round the groups is unimpaired.

Crawley would be just the man to give confidence to the British team. Nothing ruffles him. He strides to the first tee determined and confident, that he will win. And if defeat comes, he will never admit it until the last hole has been played.—(London Express Service)

He leaves him little time for golf, was hitting the ball a mile and

ARMY RUGGER

In the quarter-finals of the Army Rugby League, the Royal Tank Regiment beat 6 COD by 12 points to mine yesterday.

Scorers for the victors were Hopwood, Mallhogg, SQMS Carlisle and Lt Reed. Scorers for 6 COD were Cpl Pennington, Sgt Harrison, and S/Sgt Crawford.

SQUASH FINAL POSTPONED

The final of the Colony Open Squash Championship between P. L. Holmes and Lt Col J. L. Rigge, which was to have taken place yesterday, was postponed owing to the indisposition of P. L. Holmes.

The match will now be played at the Victoria Barracks Squash Courts on Friday, January 23, at 5.15 p.m.

Foreign Stars Beaten In American Indoor Track Debut

New York, Jan. 21.

Sweden's fast Miller, Ingvar Ericsson, and Turkey's Two-Miler, Osman Cosgul, both of whom were defeated in their Boston indoor track debut on January 17, hope to recoup in the Philadelphia Inquirer meet on Friday night and the other big events to follow.

In the meantime, German stars Rolf Lamers, Heinz Ulzheimer and Herbert Schade are expected here on Saturday to join the European "sports colony" in America's top indoor board track games.

Ericsson, whose 4:11.2 mile in Boston was only 1.3 seconds behind victorious Fred Wilt, America's hasty government agent, hopes to build up greater speed this week.

So he can visit his uncle, Hugo Ericsson, in Washington, the Swedish runner switched training from West Point, New York, site of the Military Academy, to Georgetown University, where some top United States stars are also working.

Cosgul is in New York practicing at Columbia and New York Universities and Manhattan College, trying the longer

spikes he hopes will bring him better fortune than he had at Boston.

8:55.3 TWO MILES

His 9:24 speed there was 26.7 seconds behind Charlie Capozzoli's brilliant 8:55.3 in the Two Mile event.

Ericsson and Lamers have been nominated for the classic Wanamaker Mile, key feature of the Millrose Games at Madison Square Garden on January 29.

Don Ferris, chief spokesman for the AAU, said the way the Wanamaker is shaping up "it could be anybody's race."

He said it is possible that neither Don Gehrmann, who has won the Wanamaker for four successive years, or Wilt will run the race.

Wilt is entered for the Wanamaker but Ferris said Wilt told him if he doesn't feel better than he does now he may make the Inquirer Mile in Philadelphia on January 23 his last race—"though I don't take this too seriously."

Gehrmann, who finished a bad fourth in Boston, is apparently hanging on the decision as to whether to run in the Wanamaker or quit the sport upon the result of his performance in the Inquirer Mile on Friday, where he will meet Wilt, Ericsson and other stars.

This is a big letdown for Gehrmann, who won the Inquirer event in 4:12.4 in 1951 and set a record 4:10.2 in 1952.

The German team, accompanied by coach Gunter Koster, has been invited to train on the tracks of New York colleges or Princeton University but Ferris thinks they will want to stay in New York "and see the sights."

McMILLEN ENTERED

Lamers is due to face not only Ericsson and Wilt in the Wanamaker on January 29, but also Bob McMullen, America's surprise Silver Medalist in the Olympic 1,500 Metres, and Fred Dwyer, winner of the Washington Star Mile at 4:10.6.

Ulzheimer is preparing to run in the Millrose 880 yards event. Both Lamers and Ulzheimer are then scheduled to race in the Boston Athletic Club race on January 31, the New York Athletic Club meet on February 7 and the National Indoor Championships at New York on February 14. Schade is entered in the February 7 Club meet, and the January 28 Knights of Columbus meet here.—Associated Press.

Draw For European Zone Of The Davis Cup Tourney

Melbourne, Jan. 20.

Ceylon will meet the Netherlands in the first round of the European Zone in the 1953 Davis Cup competition.

The zone draw, involving 24 nations, was made today by Sir Norman Brookes, President of the Australian Lawn Tennis Association.

Eight countries were exempted from the first round—the Philippines, Denmark, Germany, France, Belgium, Britain, Italy and Sweden.

The draw for the first round resulted as follows: Finland v Ireland, Egypt v Austria, South Africa v Monaco, Yugoslavia v Switzerland, Brazil v Hungary, Luxembourg v Norway, Ceylon v Netherlands, Spain v Israel.

The second round line-up will be: Finland or Ireland v the Philippines, Egypt or Austria v Denmark, South Africa or Monaco v Germany, Yugoslavia or Switzerland v France, Brazil or Hungary v Spain, Ceylon or Netherlands v Israel.

The first round must be completed by May 5, the second round by May 19, the third round by June 10, the semi-finals by July 14 and the zone final by July 21.

India, the only entry for the Eastern zone, automatically goes into the Inter-zone final to meet the European champions.

Entries for the American zone close on February 15. The Inter-zone final must be played not later than December 12, and the second by December 19.

The Challenge Round will be played at the Koozing courts, Melbourne, on December 29, 28 and 30.—Reuter.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"HANYANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 24th Jan.
"FUKIEN"	Shanghai, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	8 a.m. 26th Jan.
"FUKIEN"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 26th Jan.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 26th Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3 p.m. 27th Jan.
"ROOCHOW"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 28th Jan.
"PAKHOT"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 30th Jan.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 30th Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3 p.m. 4th Feb.
"ANKING"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 5th Feb.
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 10th Feb.

ARRIVALS FROM

"HANYANG"	Kobe	5 p.m. 22nd Jan.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	23rd Jan.
"FUKIEN"	Shanghai, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	23rd Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 24th Jan.
"FUKIEN"	Nagoya	24th Jan.
"PAKHOT"	Bangkok	24th Jan.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	27th Jan.
"ROOCHOW"	Bangkok	27th Jan.
"TIENTSIN"	Yokohama	30th Jan.

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SAILINGS TO		
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	Noon 27th Jan.
"CHANGSHA"	Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama & Osaka	31st Jan.
"ANSHUN"	Sydney & Melbourne	6th Feb.
ARRIVALS FROM		
"TAIYUAN"	Kobe	25th Jan.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Japan	27th Jan.
"ANSHUN"	Australia & Japan	4th Feb.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"ASCANIUS"	Liverpool & Dublin	26th Jan.
"AGAPENOR"	Rotterdam, London & Hamburg	27th Jan.
"FYRRHUS"	Marcellig, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Feb.
"AUTOMEDON"	Dublin & Liverpool	23rd Feb.
"ATREUS"	Rotterdam, London & Hamburg	23rd Feb.
"PELEUS"	Marcellig, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Mar.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails		
S. "CALCHAS"	Liverpool	23rd Jan.
G. "AUTOMEDON"	5th Feb.	30th Jan.
S. "ATREUS"	do	9th Feb.
G. "PELEUS"	do	13th Feb.
S. "MENTOR"	do	22nd Feb.
G. "ALCINOUS"	25th Jan.	4th Mar.
S. "ANTIOCHUS"	3rd Feb.	10th Mar.
G. "PATROCLUS"	9th Feb.	10th Mar.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool.
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Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

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ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

"ANDAMAN"	31st Jan.
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SAILING FOR NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.	
"DONA NATI"	4th Feb.
"AJAX"	18th Feb.

* Direct discharge Kingston. * Direct discharge La Guaira (Venezuela).

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HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Mon. Thurs. 6.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.	
(Connect at Bangkok with U.B.A. to Rangoon)		
HK/Hankow (DC-4)	4.45 a.m. Tues. 4.15 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Haliphong (DC-3)	6.45 a.m. Thurs. 1.15 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	10.45 a.m. Tues. 7.45 p.m. Wed.	
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"BENROCH"	Japan	23rd Jan.
"BENHOR"	U.K.	2nd Feb.
"BENRUACHAN"	Japan	10th Feb.
"BENALDER"	U.K. via Singapore	14th Feb.
"BENATTOW"	Japan	16th Feb.
"BENLEDI"	U.K.	3rd Mar.
"BENROCH"	U.K. via Singapore	5th Mar.

SAILINGS

	LOADING ON OR ABT.	DUE
"BENROCH"	Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Hull and Hamburg.	24th Jan.
"BENATTOW"	Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.	25th Jan.
"BENHOR"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg and Antwerp.	5th Feb.
"BENRUACHAN"	Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Rotterdam and Middlesbrough.	11th Feb.
"BENALDER"	Kobe, Osaka, and Yokohama.	17th Feb.
"BENATTOW"	Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Rotterdam and Middlesbrough.	20th Feb.
"BENLEDI"	Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Rotterdam and Middlesbrough.	7th Mar.

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GLOVE left on counter, South China Morning Post Agency.

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PLEASE SEND any article you can spare or have no further use for, to be included in the Annual Rumage Sale to be held on behalf of The Hongkong Society for the Protection of the Blind, 95 C. Main Office, First Floor, Gloucester Building. Please send something.

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CONSIGNEES PER DAIHER-WILHELMSEN LINE S.S. "TANZAN"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignee and the Company's surveyors. Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 21st January, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd January, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before the 25th January, 1953, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1953.

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All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before the 25th January, 1953, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S.S. "PYRRHUS"

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed at Hoi's Wharf between 10 a.m. and noon on January 23 and 24, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, January 21, 1953.

Internees Freed By The Vietminh Reds

Saigon, Jan. 21. Forty-four civilians out of a group of 63, freed by the Vietminh authorities after six years of internment, arrived here today.

The group of 44 sailed in sampans between their camp at Vinh, north Annam, to the French post at Dong Hoi, northwest of the central Vietnam capital of Huo.

From Dong Hoi they were carried by motor transport to Huo and from there flown to Saigon.

Earlier it was reported that all the 63 people had walked the distance of 80 miles from Vinh to Dong Hoi.

About 15 of those released are French-born, the others being their Vietnamese wives, children and other dependants of French nationality.

The arrivals here included seven French soldiers, a man and woman both aged 70 and their son, 15 months old, all ill-clad.

One man said all the internees at Vinh had now been released except four men involved in "security affairs". In the past six years, there were 10 deaths, mostly old people, and nine births in the internment camp.

ADMIRAL'S SON Lieutenant Moreau, son of French Admiral Moreau, who was interned in December 1940 after a spell of 19 days' freedom, was expected to be released soon.

Some of those who arrived here today said that their food in the internment camp was scanty. They claimed that they were given "indoctrination courses" by officials of the Vietminh Ministry of the Interior.

Usually reliable sources said the civilians belonged to the last group of internees who

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m/y "AJAX"

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hoi's Wharf from 10 a.m. on January 26, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, January 21, 1953.

Coronation Seats For Colonials

London, Jan. 21. Special Liaison officers at the Colonial Office have been given the job of seeing that students from the Colonies get their fair share of Coronation seats.

Already students have been asked to submit applications for seats through their representative bodies. But only a lucky few will be able to put down their £4 for reserved places on the Coronation route.

There is every sign that demand will be heavy. The Liaison officers will work out a percentage of the total which they think reasonable and submit it to the authorities. If it is acceptable, the allocation of seats will be made and probably allotted by the individual student bodies.

Many students, however, are taking no chances on missing the unique spectacle and are arranging with British friends to sit around their television sets.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m/y "AJAX"

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hoi's Wharf from 10 a.m. on January 26, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, January 21, 1953.

Making It Harder

London, Jan. 21. After March 31 the Ministry of Health bonus grant of £300 will be made only to those young doctors who set up first practices in places where they are most needed—in unpopular dockland, industrial and mining districts.—Reuter.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



FERD'NAND

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"CHUSAN"	20th January	17th February
"CANTON"	6th February	9th March
"CARTHAGE"	8th February	2nd April

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Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	11th February	14th March
"CHUSAN"	21th February	20th March
"CANTON"	13th March	13th April
"CARTHAGE"	5th April	6th May

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"OKELA"	due 22nd Jan.	from Japan
	sails 24th Jan.	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Bahr & P. Gulf Port via Bombay

"ORMARA"	due 24th Jan.	from P. Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & B. Gulf
	sails 26th Jan.	for Japan

"OBRA"	due 24th Jan.	from P. Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & B. Gulf
	sails 25th Jan.	for Japan

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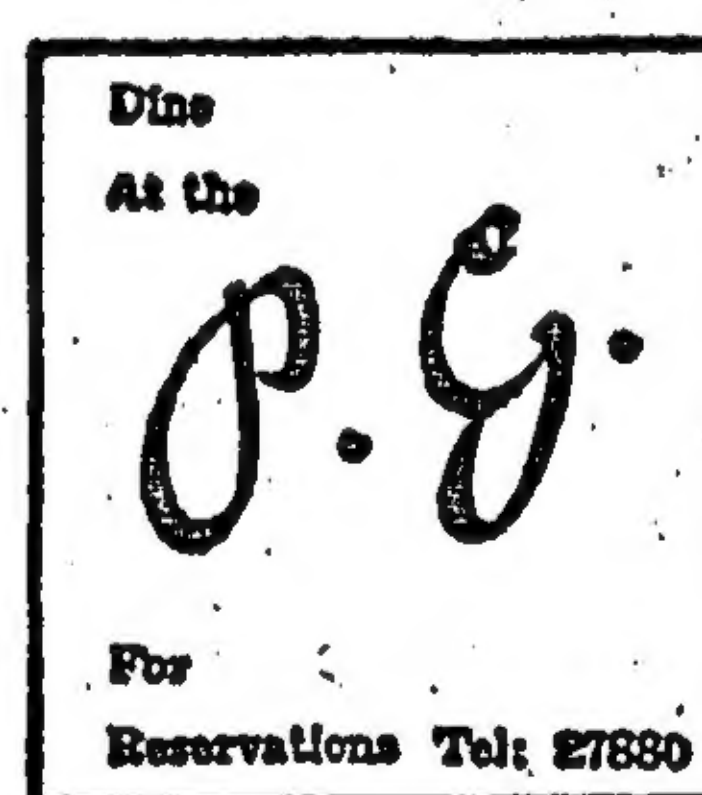
"EASTERN"	sails 30th Jan.	for Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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ITALY READY FOR TROUBLE

Rome, Jan. 21.

Communists and Socialists today threatened to "appeal to the people" against Premier Alcide De Gasperi's electoral reform law which faces them with Parliamentary extinction.

The Reform Bill passed by the Chamber of Deputies early today, after two months of delaying tactics by the Opposition, now goes to the Senate which is likely to pass it.

Police all over the country stood ready for trouble, but no major incidents were reported by tonight.

Most of the 2,000 demonstrators arrested in Rome as the referendum debate reached its climax with pandemonium in the Chamber, were released today.

Premier de Gasperi won Chamber support for his Bill by a vote of 390 to 25. The Communists and Socialists refused to vote, leaving Rightist extremists and a handful of Social Democrats as the only "Nos".

The vote stamped Chamber approval on the Bill designed to strengthen the electoral prospects of the Government coalition and restore the extremist representation to insignificance. It provided that an alliance of parties winning more than 80 per cent of the vote in a national election shall be awarded two-thirds of the seats in the Chamber.

Passage of the Bill by the Senate will clear the way for an election in the early summer, in which the coalition led by the Christian Democrats expects to win the necessary percentage of votes.—Reuter.

Admiralty Awards

London, Jan. 21. Awards of £4,000 a year fund will be paid to Navy men who invent new equipment, an Admiralty order says.—Reuter.



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CHINA MAIL

Page 10 THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1953.

Sheaffer's TM
"SNORKEL"

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Six Months' Pay

MILDRED works a seven-day week, and her working day begins before breakfast and ends when the fire is damped down at night; and her pay is 10s. a week.

No powerful trade unions brandish threats of strike action in the face of the nation on Mildred's behalf; no politicians make impassioned speeches; no Galahads, with fountain-pens for lances, write letters to the papers about her plight.

There is no sound of protest from any quarter; and from Mildred herself there issues no word of complaint.

MILDRED is a tall, sparely built woman of 44, dark-haired, neat, in whose face there is calm and composure and the outward signs of patience, or perhaps resignation.

She lives far away from London, deep in the Cornish countryside, with her father and mother. Her parents are both old, and her mother is an invalid. She runs the home for them, and it is from there that she receives her weekly wage.

No doubt 10s. is all they can afford to give her; but that does not increase the purchasing power of the scant, meagre stipend.

No doubt Mildred's tastes are simple and do not demand much spending of money; but she is spending something more precious—on her parents, not on herself. She is spending her best years on them; and out of 10s. a week she cannot put much aside for the days when she herself grows old.

MILDRED came up to London to stay with a married sister, and on one day of her visit she went shopping in the West End. In her handbag she had several pounds of her savings.

But, like a child that has saved up his pocket money to buy something very special, then loses his nerve and is loath to take the inevitable step of rifling his money-box—Mildred hardly dared to spend the money she had.

Instead she stole. In one store, a shop of some quality, she was watched as she stole at the counter a cardigan, at another a pair of gloves, at a third half a dozen handkerchiefs.

When the store detective came up to her in the street Mildred bolted. She ran round a corner, darted down some area steps and through an area door into what proved to be the basement of a nurses' hostel. She threw the stolen goods under some lockers, but too late. The store detective who had given chase, saw the act, pulled Mildred's booty out, and took it and her back to the store.

"Oh, please, don't call the police," Mildred cried. "Can't you do something else, anything, I've an invalid mother."

The police were called. At Great Marlborough Street next morning, Mildred pleaded guilty to the thefts, and the story was told to Mr Paul Bennett, VC.

"I believe that apart from the 10s. she earns looking after her parents, she has no other income," said a detective officer to the magistrate.

Mr Bennett asked Mildred what she had to say. She could only mumble through sobs about how ashamed she was.

"Well, the facts here are very near a prison sentence," said the magistrate solemnly, and let Mildred stand, and let her plead guilty to the thefts, and let her be sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

They let Mildred out. In some way or other, she would have to find £15—which to her was the equivalent of more than six months' pay.

COMET ESCAPES DISASTER BY THREE INCHES

Kampala, Uganda, Jan. 21.

A British Comet jet-liner crashlanded at Uganda's Entebbe airport today and escaped disaster by just three inches. The Comet, world's fastest service airliner, screamed in to land on a London-Johannesburg flight and touched down on a cliff-edge 50 yards short of the runway.

Its undercarriage straddled a concrete pillbox on the extreme edge of the cliff. A cross-girder between the wheels scraped the pillbox top. Then the plane bounced on to broken ground short of the runway. A wheel hit and killed an African workman.

Prison For War-Time Torturers

Metz, Jan. 21.

A French military court tonight sentenced two former German Army officers to death for murdering and torturing internees in the Schirneck concentration camp.

Four others were sentenced to prison.

The two given the death sentence are Karl Buck, 59, Commander of the camp who was called by the French "the torturer with the wooden leg," and Karl Nussberger, 54, Commander of the camp guards.

Four others, who were tried in absentia, also were sentenced to death. They are Ernest Maier, Walter Specht, Robert Wuench and Kertzer.

Two more, also tried in absentia, were sentenced to 20 years in prison. They are Walter Buer and Johann Krauss. Buck and Nussberger were the principal defendants. They ran the infamous concentration camp at Schirneck in the Vosges Mountains of Alsace. The camp handled between 20,000 and 30,000 prisoners during the war.

The one-armed Buck was sentenced to 15 years before by a British court on charges of murdering British parachutists; but he was pardoned.

During the 10-day trial, former prisoners of the camp told harrowing tales of 16 murders, having their hair pulled out of their heads by the torturers, being kept in a single cell for more than a year, attacked by Muller's vicious dog, and other tortures. —Associated Press.

10 Chinese Deported

Manila, Jan. 22.

The Philippine Army headquarters announced on Wednesday night that 10 Chinese, deported from the Philippines on Wednesday morning, arrived in Taipei at 1:45 p.m. and were turned over to the Chinese Nationalist authorities.

However, the Philippine Army has not yet received any advice as to whether the Chinese Nationalist Government has consented to give up Ang Tiu-chok, the Chinese desperado who last month hijacked a Philippine Air Lines plane.

Ang was to be brought back aboard the same Philippine Air Force plane which took the deportees to Taipei, should the negotiations for his extradition be completed. —France-Press.

Whisky Exports Exceed Target

London, Jan. 21.

Scottish whisky exports for last year exceeded their target by more than 1,000,000 gallons, and reached their highest ever level, the Scotch Whisky Association announced tonight.

The export totalled 11,520,664 proof gallons and earned £23,020,000 in foreign currencies. The target was 10,350,000 gallons. —Reuters.

ONE NO HURT

Some passengers said they felt nothing. Others felt a slight bump. None was hurt.

British Overseas Airways Corporation said in London that another plane was leaving for Entebbe to take the passengers on to Johannesburg.

The Comet left London with 27 passengers and six crew. A BOAC spokesman said it probably picked up its full load of 30 passengers during stops at Rome and Khartoum.

This is the second Comet accident since BOAC started its eight-miles-a-minute service to Johannesburg last May. On October 28 a Comet crashed while taking off at Rome. The plane was badly damaged but no one aboard was hurt. —Associated Press.

Begins Search For Treasure

St Helens, Jan. 21.

Twenty-three year old Liverpool seaman Joseph Blair set out from St Helens today on the first lap of a one-man treasure hunt.

He is sailing from Swangton to the United States, then intends to make his way 1,000 miles up the River Amazon from Manaus to spot where he hopes to find gold chalices and ornaments of the Inca Temple of the Sun at Cusco.

The treasure was sought by Spaniards 400 years ago and has attracted treasure-seekers ever since.

Seaman Blair, who since the age of 16 has travelled an equivalent of six times round the world, says that he is acting on secret information given him by an old man he saved from being knocked down in the street in Manaus during a previous visit to Brazil. —Reuters.

CAR DRIVER'S OFFENCES

Cheung Keung-ang, 47, of 522A The Peak, pleaded guilty before Mr R. W. S. Winter at Central this morning to driving a vehicle without a valid licence, and driving against one-way traffic.

He was fined \$200 on the first charge and \$30 on the second.

Defendant, who was driving a private car in Robinson Road last evening was stopped by a traffic policeman when he was found going against one-way traffic which had been imposed on a part of the road.

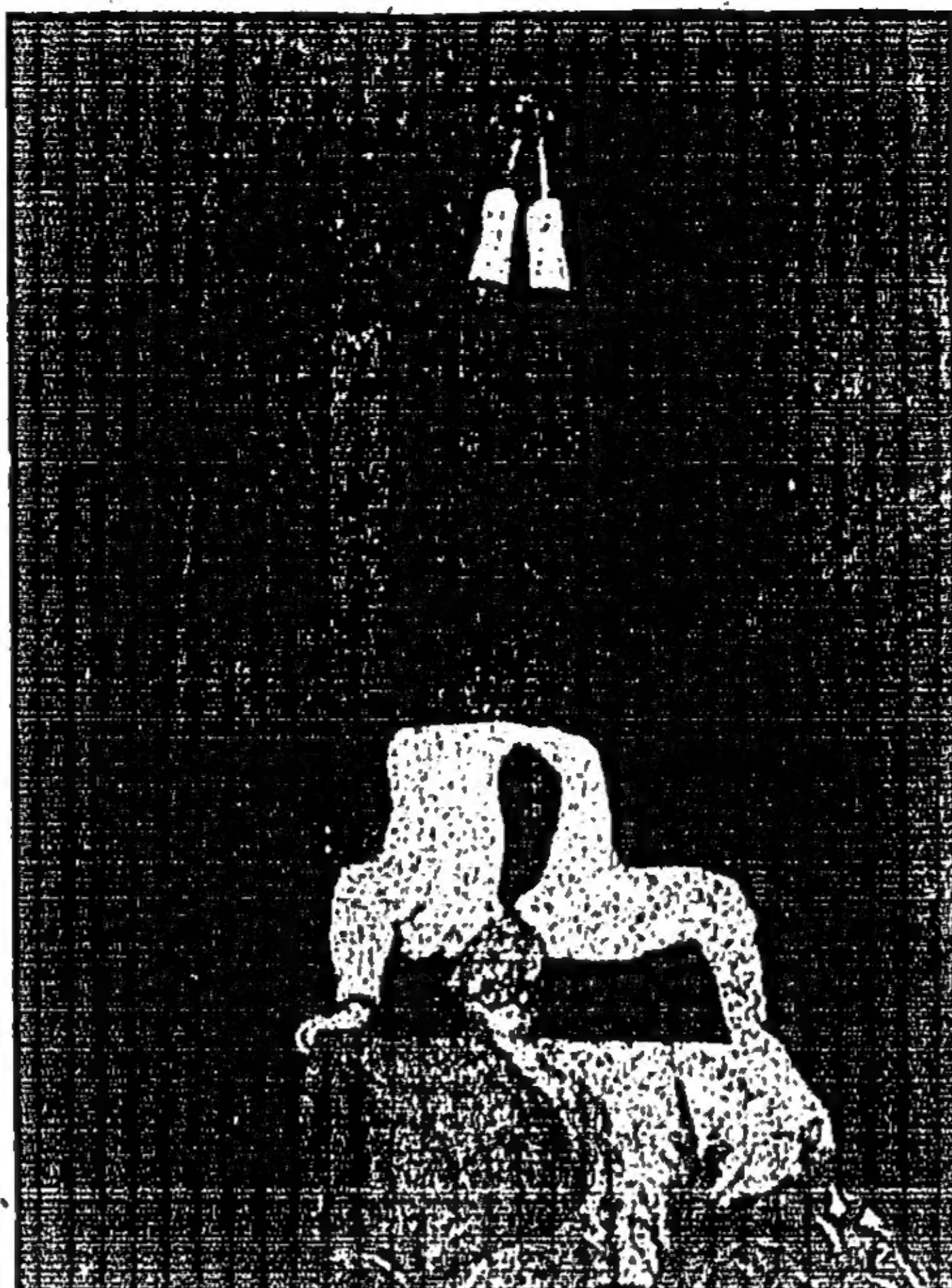
He was unable to produce a valid driving licence when asked to do so.

3 Months For Stealing Cable

A 58-year-old painter, Cheung Choi, employed by the Ah Hing Company, Taikeo Dockyard, was sentenced to three months hard labour for the larceny of 20 feet of welding cable from the Taikeo Dockyard by Mr Foon Yon-hoi at Central this morning.

The defendant, who pleaded not guilty, was accused of stealing cable to the total value of \$20 on January 17. In his defence the accused told the Court that he had picked it up from some rubbish, and was unaware that he was committing an offence.

Twelfth Night Revels



Mr Patrick Ide is seen speaking a prologue while standing on his head at the Twelfth Night revels held by the Old Vic Theatre Company. — London Express Photo.

Had Opened Knife At Parade

Washington, Jan. 21.

The man arrested by the police when carrying an opened pocket knife during the parade following the investiture of President Dwight Eisenhower has been placed under observation in a lunatic asylum, it was learned here today.

The man arrested yesterday was Wallace Powell Pruitt and police ordered him off the public stands when they saw he was holding an opened knife in his hand at the point in the parade when Attorney General Herbert Brownell and his wife were passing by. —France-Press.

Film Star Coming Here

Mr Ricardo Montalban, famous Hollywood movie actor and dancing star, is visiting Hong Kong early in March and will make a personal appearance on the stage in a local theatre.

Accompanying him are two other well-known dancers, Margie and Gower Champion. The stars are on a tour of the Far East.

The party will leave New York on February 5 for Tokyo, thence to Manila, Calcutta, Bombay, Singapore, Bangkok and Hong Kong. After a brief stay in the Colony they will proceed to Japan en route to the United States.

Mr Montalban is starred in a picture, "My Man and I," which is due for release here soon. The husband-and-wife Gower team will also appear in a picture, "Everything I Have Is Yours," scheduled for screening in March in Hong Kong.

Sends Family "To Coventry"

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 21.

Arthur Rice has not spoken to his wife and six children in 10 years, according to his own testimony in the Middlesex Probate Court.

"You must have many sleepless nights living that sort of life," Judge Joseph W. Brennan said yesterday in a hearing on a separate support suit by Mrs Rice.

"That's not so," answered Rice, a Wellesley College storekeeper. "I sleep well nights. My conscience doesn't bother me." Rice admitted that he had not spoken to any member of his family for 10 years, not even to his son when he returned from 30 months' overseas duty in World War II.

"Why?" asked the Judge. "They don't speak to me," Rice answered. —United Press.

Impersonated A Public Servant

This morning at Kowloon court Mr D. F. O'Reilly Mayne sentenced Mg Ki, a 46-year-old unemployed on the three charges of having impersonated a public servant by posing as an officer of the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, of having obtained money by false pretences, and of breach of a deportation order.

The defendant, pleading guilty to all charges, said "I am sorry." He received 13 months' hard labour.

On January 19 the defendant went to 447 Shanghai Street and approaching Li Woon the principal tenant, told her that he was an officer of the SCA and had found a discrepancy between Li Woon's collections from the tenants and the amount that she had paid to the owner. However, he added that for the sum of three dollars he was prepared to overlook the matter. She gave him the money but on talking the matter over with her neighbours found that they had not been approached, and her suspicions were thus aroused that Ki was not a member of the SCA. She reported to the police and Ki was arrested.

The defendant had three previous convictions.

Dog Stolen, Sold For \$10

A farmer in Wong Chuk Hang village, Aberdeen, who found his dog had been sold there for \$10. The culprit was later arrested in another part of the village and identified as the seller of the dog.

Brought before Mr R. W. S. Winter at Central this morning, Fung Ah-chung, 37, described as a farmer, residing in an unnumbered hut in the village, pleaded guilty to larceny and was sent to prison for two weeks.

The dog was ordered to be returned to its owner, Tong Wing, without payment.

Tonight's Radio Talk

At 7.10 tonight, Radio Hong Kong is broadcasting a five-minute talk by Frank H. King, Lecturer in Political Science of the University of Hong Kong, called "Reflections on the Inauguration of President Dwight D. Eisenhower." This replaces the normal relay from the BBC in London of "News Talk".

FULL COURT TRIBUTE TO LATE DR S. W. TS'O

The Full Court sat this morning to pay warm tributes to the memory of the late Dr Ts'o Seen-wan, CBE, LL.D, JP, prominent member of the Hongkong Chinese community, who died at the Hongkong Sanatorium and Hospital on Tuesday at the age of 85. Dr Ts'o had a long career of public service in the Colony, and had practised as a solicitor for 51 years.

On the Bench with the Hon. the Chief Justice, Sir Gerard Howe, were the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr Justice E. H. Williams, the Puisne Judge, Mr Justice C. W. Reece, and the acting Puisne Judge, Mr Justice A. D. Scholes.

A large gathering of barristers and solicitors filled the centre Court-room of the Supreme Court where the tributes were paid.

The Hon. the Chief Justice said: "We are met together to mark the passing of Dr Ts'o Seen-wan who died last Tuesday at the age of 85."

He was admitted to practise as a Solicitor on July 3, 1897, and for 51 years, practised his profession winning the respect of all.

He was a man of great charity who devoted himself to civic affairs and social welfare. We offer our sympathy to his family.

INVALUABLE HELP

Mr Justice Williams said: "I wish to associate myself with all that has been said by my Lord, the Chief Justice."

I have known Dr Ts'o for many years. When I first came to the Colony and had passed my Chinese examinations, I was attached to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs. When sitting on various Committees on which Dr Ts'o was a fellow member, I soon learned to appreciate his depth of knowledge, sincerity and breadth of mind. His invaluable help to the Colony during our troubles in 1925 will never be forgotten.

My high estimate of him was increased when I came here though by this time his appearances in Court were not very frequent.

The Press of the Colony have given lengthy eulogies of Dr Ts'o and there is little I can add with advantage. I would, however, like to mention the great help he has given the Courts as an expert witness on Chinese law and custom. At the time when the question of "Mui tsai" was a burning one in the Colony—now many years ago—he was often called in by the Courts to give the benefit of his knowledge, in particular regarding the custom of adoption among the Chinese. Dr Ts'o's death is indeed a great loss to the Colony.

Both Mr Justices Reece and Scholes associated themselves with the expressions of sympathy made by the Chief Justice and Mr Justice Williams.

The Attorney General, the Hon. Arthur Ridehalgh, QC, then called on the Hon. Leo d'Almada, QC, to speak for the Bar.

OF GREAT WORTH

Mr d'Almada, leader of the Hongkong Bar, said: "The Bar wishes respectfully to associate itself with what has fallen from the Bench this morning. Dr Ts'o I know personally, but not very well because his retiring quiet disposition made him prefer the paper work of a solicitor's office to what has been called the rough and tumble of the Courts."

But the little I knew of him was enough for this assessment of his character: that he was a man of great worth, a man who lent dignity and much credit to his profession.

His retirement some three years ago meant therefore a loss to the junior branch of the legal profession and his death now is an even greater loss to the Colony.

My Lords, I desire on behalf of the Bar to associate myself with the expressions of sympathy which have fallen from your Lordships.

The Attorney General said: On behalf of the Law Officers Department I wish to associate myself with all that has been said about the late Dr Ts'o and to express the sympathy of the Law Officers Department with his relatives.

Mr E. S. C. Brooks, President of the Incorporated Law Society of Hong Kong, said: "On behalf of the Solicitors of this Colony and more especially those of the older generation who knew Dr Ts'o. I should also like to associate myself with what has been said by your Lordships, the Attorney General and Mr d'Almada."

Dr Ts'o was the senior and one of the most respected members of the profession and we

Living Language

Why we say Obey.

To obey a command is to do what one is told but originally it meant simply to hear the command, for the word comes from the Latin *ob* and *audire*, to hear. However, with most of us "to hear" is to obey," so the word got its present meaning.

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for registered correspondence posted at G.P.O., Hong Kong. The latest posting times elsewhere, which in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times, can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office. The latest posting times for registered articles are generally earlier than the times shown below. Particulars regarding parcel mails can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22

By Air
Philippines, N. Borneo, 4.30 p.m.
C.P.A.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Hong Kong.
Tat. S.S.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 23

By Air
Formosa, 9 a.m.; via C.A.T.
Japan, U.S.A., Canada, 9 a.m.
India-China, France, French North & West Africa, 11 a.m.; Air France.
Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 4.30 p.m.; Air Vietnam.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., 5 p.m.; P.A.L.
Formosa, Okinawa, U.S.A. (Seattle & Western States), Canada, 9 p.m.; H.K.A./N.W.A.
N. Borneo, Australia, New Zealand, 9 p.m.; Q.E.A.
Japan, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.
Malaya, Indonesia, Ceylon, Middle East, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Hong Kong.
China, 11 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Canton.
India, 11 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Bombay.
Philippines, 1 p.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Cebu.
Siam, 2 p.m.; 6 p.m.; 10 p.m. via Bangkok.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 24

By Air

Slam, Burma, India, Pakistan, Africa, Great Britain, Europe, North, via B.O.A.C.
U.S.A., Canada, Noon, P.A.L.
Japan, 9 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Tokyo.
Thailand, 9 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Bangkok.
Formosa, 9 a.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Cebu.
Japan, 6 p.m.; B.O.A.C.
Malaya, Ceylon, India, Middle East, Great Britain, Europe, 1 p.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Hong Kong.
Korea, 1 p.m.; 5 p.m.; 8 p.m. via Seoul.
Philippines, 2 p.m.; 6 p.m.; 10 p.m. via Cebu.
Indo-China, 2 p.m.; 6 p.m.; 10 p.m. via Saigon.
Indonesia, 2 p.m.; 6 p.m.; 10 p.m. via Batavia.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"After it took me almost a year to learn this piece, now Dad says he doesn't ever want to hear it again!"

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